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24 JUL 1946

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 175 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

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Postal Strike May Be Called Off Tomorrow

Shalom And Dalvi Optimistic

Krishna Prasad & Pakwasa To Attend Today's Strike Committee Meeting

PICKETING CONTINUES AT ALL CITY POST OFFICES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The thirteen-day-old strike of the lower grade postal employees is likely to be called off simultaneously with the telegraph strike within the next 48 hours, it is learnt here tonight. A sense of subdued optimism prevails in both camps.

AZAD'S OFFER OF MEDIATION

It is reliably understood that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has offered his good offices to bring about an amicable settlement in the dispute between the Government of India and the Postal and Telegraph strikers.

Maulana Azad, it is learnt, has already intervened in the matter and is in touch with spokesmen of either party.

Mr. R. E. Shalom Postmaster-General who has returned after confabulating with the Bombay Premier, the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs and Mr. D. G. Dalvi, the General Secretary of the Union at Poona, to-day said that there was every reason to believe that strike would be called off within a day or two.

"MAY BE CALLED OFF TOMORROW."

Mr. Shalom said "out of the 12 demands many have been conceded, and the remaining have been referred to the Pay Commission. Now the Director-General has met Mr. Dalvi, and there is every hope that the Strike Committee might call off the strike when it meets on Wednesday".

DALVI'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the All-India Postmen, lower grade staff and R.M.S. Union, who arrived here from Poona this evening, said that further discussion of the Postal dispute would be resumed in Bombay to-morrow. About the settlement talks in Poona he said that Mr. Kher and Mr. Pakvasa were keen on an amicable settlement and they hoped that the strike would be called off.

The Strike Committee of the All-Indian Postal and Lower Grade Staff Union which is to take the final decision, will be meeting in Bombay tomorrow, July 24. Mr. Krishna Prasad and Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, who arrived here this evening, will be attending the meeting of the Strike Committee.

Provincial representatives on the Strike Committee and Mr. P. C. Chatterjee, General Secretary of the All-India Telegraph Union and other telegraph workers representatives have been given air priority passage in Bombay in time for the meeting.

Mr. Shalom, Postmaster-General is also expected to attend the com-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4)

NEHRU'S APPEAL TO STRIKERS

NEW DELHI, July 23, (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru the Congress President in a statement to the Press has appealed to Postal and Telegraph workers on strike not to forget the country's interests, while pressing their demands

Pandit Nehru says the ultimate test must always be what benefits the masses of our people and expresses the hope that the efforts now being made in New Delhi and Poona to arrive at a settlement will meet with success

"SITUATION MISHANDLED BY GOPT."

Pandit Nehru says:—"I feel that there has been much mishandling of the situation by the Government authorities during past months. Repeatedly they were asked to agree to arbitration or adjudication, but they did not agree or agreed only in part. The only right way of deciding such matters is by adjudication and if this had been accepted right at the beginning much of the subsequent trouble would have been avoided. Now we are forced to consider the issues in a hurry and under threat of undesirable consequences

However, I trust that the efforts that are being made in New Delhi and in Poona to arrive at a settlement will met with success. The Congress premiers in the provinces have a responsibility in this matter and I am glad that the Bombay Prime Minister has taken the initiative"

BOOKING OF FOREIGN PARCELS SUSPENDED

The booking of outward foreign parcels is suspended with immediate effect until further notice, states a postal notification issued by the Post-Master General, Bombay.

CAIRO, July 22, (Reuter). A meeting of high Government and police officials at the Ministry of Interior in Cairo today, it is understood, considered taking further measures against "Mier El Fattat", the organization to which belonged the 11 Egyptians arrested today who confessed to taking part in the recent bomb outrage.

VICEROY INTERVENES

NEW DELHI, July 23, (A.P.I.): The Viceroy, Lord Wavell, has personally intervened in the postal and telegraph strike situation, according to Post and Telegraph Federation circles.

It is expected that His Excellency will soon establish contact with Federation leaders.

Mr. Lahiri Chaudhry Vice President of the P and T Federation, met the authorities again today.

Abidali Jafferbhoy who is on Hungerstrike See Page 5

CLOW TO ACT FOR COLVILLE

NEW DELHI, July 23, (A.P.I.): His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, will take three months leave out of India from approximately the 19th August 1946, says a "communique".

His Majesty has approved that during his absence His Excellency Sir Andrew Clow, who is now on leave, should act as Governor of Bombay until Sir John Colville resumes that appointment.

James Maxton Dead

LONDON, July 23, (Reuter): Mr. James Maxton, an outstanding figure in British politics and leader of the Independent Labour Party in the House of Commons, died today.

Palestine Death Roll Mounts To 45

45 Injured: 58 Still Missing: 12 Hours Curfew Reimposed

JEWISH UNDERGROUND ARMY ACKNOWLEDGES RESPONSIBILITY FOR OUTRAGE

JERUSALEM, July 23, (Reuter): The death roll in yesterday's terrorist attack on Palestine headquarters here now mounted to 45, it is officially stated today.

Forty-five are injured and 58 still missing, the statement adds.

12 Hours Curfew Reimposed

In an extensive comb-out, 25 persons have been arrested for questioning and in Jewish alum District on Montefiore, just behind the shattered King David Hotel, all males have been removed by troops and police for identification. One Jew, dead from bullet wounds, and another man who was wounded were found in a police search inside the walled old city this morning.

Twelve hour curfew has been reimposed in Central Jewish area of Jerusalem to start at 18.00 this evening.

General Sir Evelyn Barker, General Officer Commanding Palestine who with the Chief Secretary, Sir John Shaw, was on the scene early this morning told correspondents: "Over half the British officials were gone together with very important files recording a quarter of a century's work of administration".

General Barker is expected to fly to Cairo tomorrow for talks with General Sir Miles Dempsen, Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, after a conference with the High Commission General Sir Alan Cunningnam, who arrived back in Jerusalem today from London after his talks with the British Cabinet.

The Jewish Community Council here today proclaimed a "period of mourning" between 5 P. M. and midnight today for the victims of the bombing.

"PROTEST STRIKE" BY ARABS

All Arab shops were closed and Arab traffic halted between noon and 5 P. M. today as a "protest strike" against the outrage.

There were heart-rending scenes in the Holy City this morning as the funeral processions of some of the victims of yesterday's outrage wended their way through hushed streets to Protestant, Catholic, Jewish and Muslim burial places.

The British victims including the Palestine Postmaster General G. D. Kennedy—the only one so far named—are being buried this afternoon.

After a night-long nonstop recovery work in which 200 tons of rubble were removed, British troops soon after midday found the senior British official Mr. Downing Charles Thompson still alive under the debris with an Arab policeman. Both were taken to hospital. Mr. Thompson aged 54 has been Assistant Secretary of the Palestine Government since 1929.

There was another miraculous escape by a junior Arab officer of the Secretariat, who was taken from the Debris and placed in the mortuary with corpses of victims. The doctor who examined him discovered that he was still breathing and after that hurriedly applied treatment. He is now in a fair way towards recovery.

About 50 Government Army personnel are still believed to be beneath the ruins and little hope is now felt on recovering them alive.

LONDON, July 23. (Reuter): Jewish Agency for Palestine announced in London today that Jewish victims in yesterday's explosion include Julius Jacobs, most Senior Jewish official in the Administration of Palestine, Victor Levi, Assistant Financial Secretary and Leo Bau, Assistant to the Postmaster General.

JERUSALEM, July 23. (Reuter): Irgun Zvai Leumi, the Jewish Terrorist Underground army, tonight acknowledged responsibility for yesterday's bomb attack on the Palestine Government and Army Headquarters in King David Hotel in Jerusalem in a "communique" sent to press correspondents.

The Communique said "the tragedy was caused by the British themselves who disregarded the telephone warning given 27 minutes before the explosion was timed to go off."

"INSANE ACT OF TERRORISM"

Attlee's Statement On Jerusalem Outrage

LONDON, July 23. (Reuter): The Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee to-day told the Commons of the "horror of a burtal and murderous crime committed yesterday in Jerusalem".

"Of all outrages in Palestine—and they have been many and horrible in (Continued on Page 5 Col. 7.)

"REMOVE UNION JACK"

LUCKNOW, July 23. (A.P.I.): The removal of the Union Jack flying on the Council Chamber at Lucknow is demanded by a resolution, notice of which has been given by Mr. Rajaram Shastri (Congress) M.L.A., who says it is against the dignity of the House and militates against the determination of the Indian People to attain complete independence.

U.S. To Have Record Wheat Harvest

WASHINGTON, July 23. (Reuter): The United States will have a record harvest both of wheat and maize, the United States Department of Agriculture disclosed last night.

Estimates up to July 15 showed that a wheat crop of 1,132,075,000 bushels of wheat was likely compared with last year's crop of 1,123,000,000 bushels.

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Reserves.	6.00.000
Deposits.	5,16.17.064
Sundry Liabilities.	27.57.609
Bills as per contra.	62,19.520
Profit.	6.24.561
	6.64.18.754

ASSETS	Rs.
Cash & Bank Balance.	1,04.28.880
Investments.	2,43.37,085
Loans & Advances	2,31.27,855
Sundry Assets.	23.05.714
Bills as per contra.	62,19.520
	6.64.18.754

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Indians Play Out Time For 'Richly-Deserved Draw'

BEDSER HASTENS "MORAL VICTORY FOR ENGLAND"

ENGLAND (1st Innings)	294
INDIA (1st Innings)	170
ENGLAND (2nd Innings) for 5 wickets declared	153
INDIA (2nd Innings) for 9 wickets	152

BY LEARIE CONSTANTINE

OLD TRAFFORD, (Manchester), July 23, (Reuter): India drew the second Test Match with England batting back gallantly in a spectacular fashionagainst tremendous odds and they still live to fight out the third game of the series at the Oval for the drawn rubber. Never can there have been a more thrilling finish to a Test match, for, when the last pair came together, there were ten minutes still left out to play.

A. V. Bedser, responsible for India's debacle in the second innings.

Amid breathless excitement Sohoni, who kept up his end for 55 minutes, and wicket-keeper Hindlekar played out time as the crowd on tiptoes were counting ball by ball on their fingers.

MORAL VICTORY FOR ENGLAND

It was of course a moral victory for England, but few were sorry that India's magnificent back-to-the-wall effort had met its just reward. Groundsman Williams told me after the game that never in the long history of Old Trafford had he seen the wicket so badly worn. This, then, will show India how superbly her batsmen must have played in the fourth innings to avoid defeat.

The chief award in the sharing of Test honours must go to Modi and Hazare who, thanks to a brilliant defensive fourth wicket partnership, put on 74 runs after the first three wickets—those of India's most experienced batsmen—had fallen for five runs.

Modi and Hazare kept the game alive and gave young Abdul Hafeez, who played his part in the drawn match, an opportunity to show his great promise. The batting of Modi, Hazare, Hafeez, Sohoni., and even Hindlekar cannot be too highly praised.

PATAUDI JUSTIFIED

So Pataudi, unrepentent of his unorthodox decision in putting England in to bat first, was justified by events. Had India taken the first knock, one could not expect, on the batting shown and the state of wicket on the final day, anything else than English victory.

At lunch India was in a critical position, with England 208 runs on and five wickets still to fall.

The position looked very black for the tourists when Hammond declared the English innings closed at 3 o'clock, leaving the Indians 278 to get to win, with three hours fifteen minutes left to play. When Merchant left to the second ball of the Indian innings, and both Mushtaq Ali and Pataudi were dismissed with only five on board, victory for England seemed assured.

Modi and Hazare came together both playing confidently despite the crisis. With the score at 26 Hazare was dropped when only nine by Pollard off Bedser in the leg-trap. This was the most expensive miss for England and possibly altered the result of the match.

Batting steadily, these two sent up 50 in an hour, but at 79 Hazare was out to Bedser being clean bowled after making 44 in one and a quarter hours. His innings was played under circumstances which would have shaken all but the world's greatest players. He was stubbornly defensive but scored at every opportunity, especially with on drives. He hit one lovely six over the long on boun-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 5.)

BOUQUET FOR MANKAD

Earlier in the day England's opening pair were never comfortable against the swing bowling of Hazare and later the spin and guile of Mankad, writes Learie Constantine. There is no doubt that when Mankad leaves this country his name will be written on the list of immortal lefthanders.

THE SAVIOURS

Hazare Modi

Hafeez Sohoni

170 MORE ARRESTS AT POONA

Police Guard For Council Hall Sequel To 'Scheduled' Class Volunteer's Tactics

(From Our Special Representative,)

POONA, July 23.

Reporters covering proceedings of Bombay Legislative Assembly found at one stage today their admission to the Press gallery barred by policeman who refused to admit anyone who did not produce his pass. This was the result of the escapade of a volunteer of the Scheduled Class Federation who managed to sneak into the House while it was in session and standing behind presamen shouted "Ambedkar Zindabad".

Surprised members of the House looked at him as he proceeded to the next well rehearsed slogan "thode dinme" but suddenly he stopped short and the answer "Bhimraj" refused to come out of him, probably due to confusion or forgetfulness.

Meanwhile, he was guided out of the House. The result was stationing of a constable at the door who insisted on the production of the card before any body was allowed.

Scheduled caste demonstrators have not only increased their activities but have changed their tactics. Today, instead of coming up the roads, they stole into a gully behind the huts reserved for ministers' personal assistants and from there burst on to the road in front of the Council Hall. About 170 of them have been arrested today.

One must admit that members have become aware of this Demonstration as mildly irritating prickly heat. Incidentally I recall first hearing the famous stolen slogan "thode dinme Bhim Raj" reverberating from the steps of the Bombay Town Hall in February 1937 as Dr. Ambedkar who was elected to the Provincial Assembly was chaired by his enthusiastic supporters. The first step to fulfil that promise is obviously being taken here more than nine years afterwards today.

Stop Press

AHMEDABAD MARKETS TO REOPEN TO-MORROW.

AHMEDABAD, July 23. (A.P.I.): The principal markets which have been closed since the outbreak of riots on July 1, will be reopened from Thursday July 25.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK, July 23.

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER).

Previous Closing	35.77
Today's Opening	35.84
Difference	+7
Today's Closing	35.38
Difference	—39

LEAGUE BACKS TIGHTENING UP OF PROHIBITION PROGRAMME

Deputy Leader Advocates Public Flogging Of Offenders

(From Our Special Correspondent,)

POONA, July 23.

When the Bombay Congress Ministry comes forward with its programme of complete Prohibition, it may reasonably be expected to have the full support of the Muslim League party in the Assembly. This is the obvious inference from the fact that nine different speakers of the Muslim League party expressed their eagerness to see the prohibition programme expedited and tightened up. Khan Bahadur A. A. Khan, Deputy Leader of the Party, (the leader I. I. Chundrigar was not present to-day) went so far as to assert that every man from the Cabinet Minister to the man in the street should be prevented from drinking liquor and should be publicly flogged if they did so.

Premier Kher interrupting said that no member of his Cabinet could be held guilty of such a habit.

A. A. Khan: "I know that. No assurance on that point is necessary".

The debate arose over Supplementary Demand of Rs. 6,61,000 presented by Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister-in-Charge of Excise and Reconstruction.

Among other things the Demand includes an additional budgetted expenditure of Rs. 291,100 for Nasik Distillery, Rs. 1,25,000 for purchase of hundred additional maunds of opium.

Doctor M. D. D. Gilder, who was in charge of Prohibition in the last ministry, intervening in the debate, assured the house that Prohibition would be tightened up and that they wanted to abolish the distillery as quickly as possible.

Mr. L. M. Patil expressed himself gratified at the eagerness shown by members for Prohibition. The Ministry was as anxious as anybody else to introduce Prohibition but as long as Prohibition was not introduced, the public must be supplied with their drink. The Nasik distillery was really an eyesore to the present Government and it would give them the greatest pleasure to close it down. Mr. Patil also referred to the serious complaints regarding the prevalence of bootlegging, illicit distillation and similar offences and said that Government was anxious to put down such offences.

League Members had opposed the demand on ground that the enforcement of programme was inadequate. Mr. Patil frankly admitted that there was in existence a great deal of drunkenness and Excise offences. That was exactly why the Ministry was purchasing two launches. So far there had been only one launch operating in Thana District. Two more launches had been purchased, one of which was assigned to Thana and another to Kanara District into which a great deal of liquor was smuggled from the neighbouring Portuguese territory.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, July 23.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 68.

Anaconda Copper Mining do. 46-1/8.

United States Steel Corporation dol. 90-3/8.

United States Steel Pref. dol. 163-1/2. —(Reuter).

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PUBLISHED IN ENGLISH EVERY SUNDAY

Edited by Dr. A. H. KAZI, M.A., Ph.D. (Berlin)

Commences publication FROM 27TH JULY, 1946

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Applications stating name in full, qualifications, place of domicile, date of birth, previous experience, etc., should be forwarded to the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Poona.

(9020)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.

Summary Suit No. 678 of 1946.

Messrs. J. R. PILANI, the firm, carrying on business as Merchants and Share and Stock Brokers in Bombay and having their Office at Dalal Street, within the Fort of Bombay .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) SACHITRA NATH BHATTACHARYA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kalyan, District Thana. (2) MURLIDHAR GUPTA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Churchgate Reclamation, within the Fort of Bombay, and (3) RAM NIVAS DALMIYA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Marwadi Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay, all of them until recently carrying on business in partnership in Firms names and style of Messrs. Laxmi Dyeing and Printing Works and Messrs. Goenka Trading Co. Defendants.

To,
SACHITRA NATH BHATTACHARYA,
1st defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed defendants under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908, for Rs. 1,03,713-5-6 with interest on Rs. 1,01,630-13-0 from the 28th February, 1946, at the rate of 6% per annum till judgment being the amount due by you under your accounts with the plaintiffs in the name of your firm of Messrs. Laxmi Dyeing & Printing Works and Messrs. Goenka Trading Co. in the books of accounts of the plaintiffs you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 1,03,713-5-6 with interest on Rs. 1,01,630-13-0 from the 28th February, 1946, at the rate of Rs. 6% per annum till judgment and the sum of Rs. 250/- for costs, together with such interest, if any, as the Court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1946.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) N. R. NARAYAN AYYAR, for Prothonotary and Senior Master.

Messrs. RUSTOMJI & GINWALLA, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(9021)

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B. L. THOSAR, Income Tax Consultant, at 495-97, Kalbadevi Road for Sales Tax returns to be submitted on or before 31st July, 1946. (T. N. 22997).

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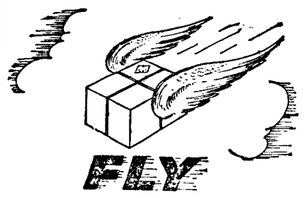

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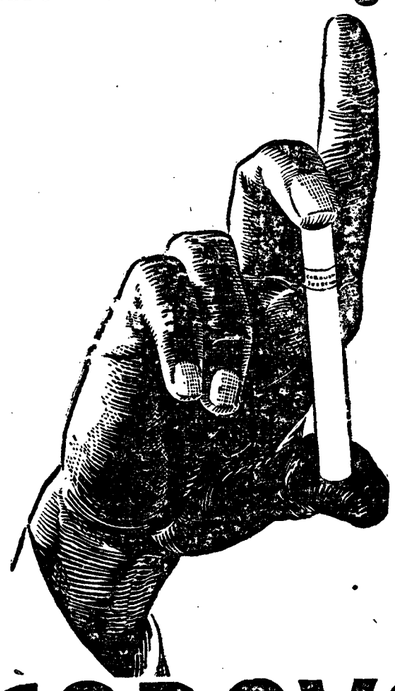

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Thousand Tenements To Relieve Housing Shortage

N. V. Modak's Recommendations To Bombay Corporation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. N. V. Modak, the acting Municipal Commissioner, has submitted to the Municipal Corporation a report to solve the housing problem and shortage of housing accommodation in the city.

REASONS FOR SHORTAGE.

Giving the reason for the shortage of housing accommodation in the city he says:

Although the housing problem in the City has assumed alarming proportions to-day, the problem is not a new one. It has, in fact, been in existence (in varying proportions) for the last 50 years, and has been steadily growing in acuteness. The following factors may be said to have contributed indirectly to the present state of affairs:—

(1) More than 70 per cent. of the buildings existing to-day were constructed as one and two-room tenements during the period, when there were no building by-laws in existence. These ill-lighted, ill-ventilated and insanitary structures, in many cases having back to back rooms, were tenanted to their maximum capacity even before the outbreak of the World War II and could not reasonably be expected to absorb any further increase in population, resulting out of the War. About 2/3rds of the population of Bombay are probably living in such hovels, which could hardly be called 'housing accommodation' by any modern standards.

(2) As no attempt worth the name was made by the fast growing textile industry to house its labour population, the problem was further aggravated. An idea of the magnitude of the responsibility of the textile industry may be obtained from the fact that the number of mill workers has risen from 1,30,000 before the War to 2,20,000 in 1945. This has resulted in the insanitary single-room tenements being shared by as many as 15 to 17 persons. The psychological effect of such mean and impossible living conditions on the minds of the occupants can well be imagined.

ABSENCE OF MASTER PLAN.

(3) The absence of the Master Plan for the City, when it would have been most useful, has contributed in no small measure to the present shortage of housing accommodation in the City.

After stating that the mills, railways, the municipality and the Port Trust between them employ two-thirds of the labour in Bombay, Mr. Modak recommends that a start should be made by the Bombay Municipality, so that others may follow suit, to house at least the Municipal employees both of essential and non-essential service.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS.

He, therefore, recommends that 100 tenements may be built at Agripada, 260 tenements at Dadar "Y" Road, 100 at Bapty Road, 400 at Fergusson Road and 140 at Parton Road.

The buildings would consist of ground and three upper floors and each tenement will have the 250 square feet standard of floor area as per plan.

The cost of 1,000 tenements at the present market rate would roughly be Rs. 65,00,000 exclusive of the cost of land.

Kremlin Has No Faith In British Fair-Dealing

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Russian food for needy India is not forthcoming because the Kremlin has no faith in British fair-dealing, said Mr. S. A. Dange giving a resume of his Moscow visit to newspaper-men this afternoon.

Asking Indian national leaders to take up the issue direct with the Soviet authorities, Mr. Dange observed: "The Russians are willing to help India fight famine to the extent her present capacity permits provided satisfactory guarantees are available that food meant for India will reach her and will be properly distributed to the people."

But, in view of conditions in this country, especially the absence of a democratic National Government, he saw very little prospect of such a guarantee, Germans are well fed.

Denying reports of wide-spread malnutrition in Germany, Mr. Dange averred that in the matter of food, clothing and footwear Germans were far better off than any other country in occupied Europe. To him the Germans looked ten times better fed than the best fed sections in India.

Mr. Dange ridiculed the suggestion that Stalin was bolshevising Eastern Europe. His observations and investigations had convinced him that it was the United States which was maintaining intact the remnants of Hitler's army.

Referring to the work of the World Federation of Trade Unions, Mr. Dange pointed out that the Executive Committee of the Federation dicussed questions regarding trade unions in Greece, Egypt and other countries. They had decided to call a conference of the Asiatic Trade Unions in Shanghai sometime next year and send Commissions to Africa and to Iran to look into workers' conditions there.

When a pressman referred to the rumours of "Stalin's impending death", Mr. Dange remarked: "I may tell you that Comrade Stalin is as optimistic as the Mahatma that he would live for many years to come."

"Every little news about this country is allowed to reach the Soviet Union and 'vice versa'. It is time our nationalist press took up the question and tried to build direct contacts with the Soviet press," Mr. Dange concluded.

Dr. Gilder & Public Health Demand

We published on Saturday our special representative's message reviewing the supplementary statement of expenditure presented to the Bombay Legislative Assembly by Mr. V. L. Mehta, the Finance Minister. After referring to demands for grants for various departments it was stated in the message, as published, that "compared to these, the demand for an additional Rs. 25,00,000 and odd by the Department of Public Health seems as timid as the Minister in charge, Dr. Gilder". The last part of the sentence in the original message of our Special Representative was as follows, "as timid as the Minister in Charge, Dr. Gilder is shy." We very much regret that the words "is shy" were inadvertently omitted.

General Motors Scholarship Programme

Under a scholarship programme instituted by General Motors Corporation for their various overseas plants, they sent out last week two of their factory employees—Messrs. B. Srinivasan and M. D. Ambekar—to the United States of America for a two years' course of technical training at the General Motors Institute, Flint, Michigan.

This scholarship programme calls for sending two of their men every year for technical training in the U.S.A., which means that after the first year they will have four of the men constantly undergoing training at the General Motors Institute.

To bid goodbye and good luck to Messrs. Srinivasan and Ambekar, a luncheon party was attended by a number of their colleagues at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

DANGER OF RLY. STRIKE NOT YET ENDED

BOMBAY, July 23. (A.P.A.): A high official of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation today criticised the attitude of the Railway Board in the current wage negotiations asserting the danger of a railway strike has not ended.

The official, declining to permit publication of his name, made his statement prior to departing for Madras to attend a meeting of the Federation's Advisory Board on July 28 which will receive the Railway Board's reply to demands for a flat five rupees increment in basic wages.

"The award of the Postal Adjudicator, as it stands, affords more relief to the postal workers than what the Railway Board has thought fit to offer to us," he said. "While the minimum pay increment to the postmen will be five rupees on his present basic salary, the Railway Board has indicated it is reluctant to accept the Federation's demands for a flat increment of five rupees in the salary of all rail labourers irrespective of categories in disbursing the nine-crore rupees sanctioned as interim relief."

"This creates a new situation," he asserted, adding: "It may even be said that the Railway Board is trying to go back on their pledged word to the Action Committee members to accept their plan of interim relief, now that the strike threat has been withdrawn by the General Council.

"It is bureaucratic foolishness on the part of the railway authorities to think that the strike has been withdrawn once and for all. Even in the operative resolution we have said that pending the adjudicator's award and the Pay Commission's findings, we withdrew the strike notice for the time being. If then the redress offered was not satisfactory, we made it clear we would resort to strike again."

The spokesman said the Railway Board has not formally replied to the Federation's proposal on the distribution of interim relief money, but that the reply was expected before the Advisory Committee's meeting on Sunday.

Other items on the agenda at this meeting include;

Consideration of the draft memorandum to be submitted to the Railway Dispute Adjudicator; The Postal Adjudicator's award and its bearing on the question of relief to be granted to men on revised scales of pay on the railways, and survey of general condition of the workers in India.

The informant predicted "much Communist activity inclined toward direct action" if the Railway Board "tried to indulge in double-talk."

Grindlay Staff Union's Demands

The Secretary of the Grindlay & Co. Ltd., (Bankers & Agents) Staff Union writes: The Union presented their demands to the management of Messrs. Grindlay & Co. Ltd., Bombay, in accordance with the decision taken at a special meeting of the Union last week. In addition to a demand for the revision of the scales of pay, the demands include adequate facilities for leave, gratuity, provident fund and pension. This move is in line with the stand taken by the clerical fraternity of Bombay's major banks.

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	Rs.	a.	p.
10 lbs. Paper shelled walnuts	12	0	0
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5 lbs. Apricots unstoned,	9	12	0
5 lbs. Apricot Stoned	7	4	0
5 lbs. Large raisens (sultanas)	12	8	0
5 lbs. Raisens red and green	10	12	0
5 lbs. Black currents	21	0	0
5 lbs. Dried figs	9	4	0
5 lbs. Almond kernals	24	4	0
5 lbs. Walnut kernals	10	0	0
5 lbs. Zeera	30	0	0
5 lbs. Mushrooms	50	0	0
1 Tola pure Saffron	5	4	0
Skirt special—embroidered. (each)	15	0	0
2 Walnut wooden cig. box 8" x 5"	7	4	0

Ask for a free price list.
ALPINE EMPORIUM, Srinagar (Kashmir).

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By using BRAINIA Hair Oil

Brainia definitely reverts grey hairs to their natural black colour and stops turning grey. It has cooling effect on the brain and eyes and serves as a tonic. If no faith take a guarantee of returning price. If our Pharmacy's name be not found on the parcel, please refuse it. Price Rs 2.8 for a few grey hairs; i.e. 3-8 for more than those and Rs 5 for about all.

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P. O. Fatehpur Gaya (B. C.)

The only of its kind manufactured in India

TRADE "BOROSIL" I.&E.A MARK

"BOROSIL" GLASS
for
LABORATORY WARE

Perfectly heat resistant and neutral

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Sweet Sushila

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Being a good shopper by nature (as all women are), Sushila is not satisfied with anything but the best; and when it comes to Tea, she invariably chooses Planters Springdale Green Label Tea, the unique flavour of which she likes so much. She knows it is high-grown and the fragrance of the blend is superb!

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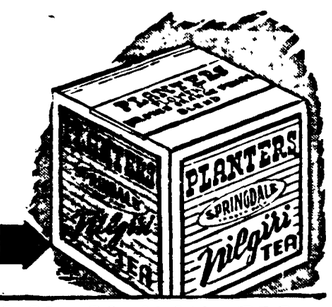

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SERVICE PENSIONS

OFFICERS AND OTHER RANKS OF BRITISH AND INDIAN SERVICES.

How to apply for your service pension.

If you are to be discharged or retired in India (or elsewhere in the world except U. K., Europe or the American Continent) write to the C. M. A. & P., Pensions Branch, P.O., C. M. A. CANTT. Lahore Cantt. Tell him your address and the bank or treasury through which you wish to draw your pension.

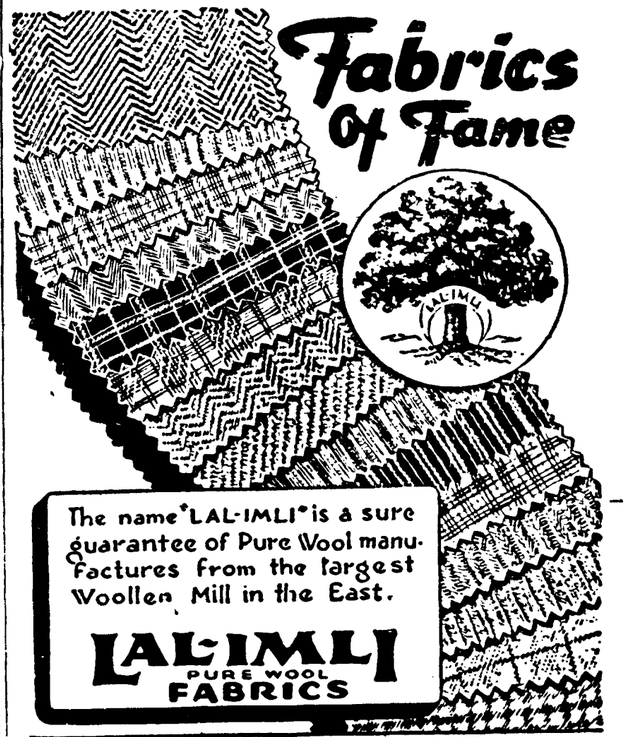
If you are to be discharged or retired in the U. K., Europe or American Continent, write to the Accountant General, India Office, London, giving the information above.

Do not worry these hard-worked officials unnecessarily—remember they have work to do and you cannot have your pension until the first of the month after you have retired, anyway.

How to forecast your pension.

Look at I. A. O. 21/S/46 and try working it out for yourself. It is not as difficult as it looks. If stumped at first, try again—if up a gum tree—and if you really cannot manage it, then drop a line to the C. M. A. & P., or Accountant General, as the case may be, and he will tell you the right answer, but do NOT expect elaborate details.

Issued by the Adjutant General in India, G.H.Q., New Delhi. **AC-36**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KASHINATH
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Now Showing
Last two days
KALIYAN

HER DREAMS and POETIC EXPRESSION

A Rhythmical Tale of Youthful Romance
Main Kya Karun?
SURRAIYA, HANSA, AGHA, P. SANYAL SHAH NAWAZ
Songs By D. N. MADHOK
(of 'Rattan' fame)
2nd WEEK
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30
Booking 9-30 to 12-30
& 2-30 to 5
A DIAMOND Release

19TH WEEK OF GLORY!
RAJKAMAL'S
DR. KOTNIS
Directed By: V. SHANTARAM
Plans open 10 to 12, 3 to 6 p.m.
SWASTIK Daily 4, 7, 10 p.m.

LAST TWO SHOWS ONLY!!!
INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE
Presents
"DRAGON'S TEETH"
Directed by HIMA KESARCODI
on JULY, 24 & 25.
Daily at 6-15 p.m.
SUNDERBAI HALL
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Plans Open: CHICAGO RADIO CO., opp. 'Varsity Clock Tower.

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DHARTI
MUMTAZ SHANTI
TRILOK
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS.
Royal Opera House
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Sunday Mat. 1-15
Ad. Booking: 9-30 to 12-30
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FULL WEEK
Prafulla's First Mythological
Subhadra
DIRECTOR PRODUCER VINAYAK
Starring: Shanta Apte (Courtesy S. A. Concerns) & Prem Adib
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
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JHUMKE
AKHTAR, JAGIRDAR
Daily 4, 7, 10 Sun 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

Latest News!
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JAYANT DESAI
Starring:-
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SIMULTANEOUSLY AT TWO THEATRES
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AND
NEW WEST END
From Friday 2nd August
JAYANT DESAI JDP PRODUCTIONS

A RARE TYPE OF MUSIC AND ROMANTIC STORY
2ND WEEK
SOBHAGYA PICTURES: A PRAKASH Production:
ZAMIN ASMAN
with JEEVAN, RANJNA
(SECOND WEEK)
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Matinee Sunday 1 p.m.
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AN EVERGREEN Release

From
FRIDAY, 2nd August!

with
PAHARI SANYAL, C. ANAND, MUBARAK, SHAH NAWAZ, DAVID & G. JAGIRDAR
A dramatic story of conflict Between the forces of ORTHODOXY and PROGRESS
Come and see who Triumphs!
AT
MAJESTIC CINEMA

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 11, 2002.
Muslim: Shabban 24, 1365.
Parsi: Benman 24, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-13 a.m. Sunset: 7-17 p.m.
High tide: 08-28, 19-42
Low tide: 01-26, 14-20.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 4-10 p.m., (S. T.).

Today's Engagements

CONDOLENCE MEETING: Citizens of "F" and "G" Wards will pay tribute to the memory of late Mr. D. V. Pradhan at Ramnarain Ruia College, today (Wednesday), at 9 p.m.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ: Sangitotsana in Prarthana Mandir today (Wednesday), on account of Ekadashi.

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY: Discourse and seances today (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. sharp, at 51, Gordhandas Building, Girgaum, opposite Portugese Church.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School, Waudby Road on "Interpretation of Meher Nyaish and explanation of Mithra".

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and Answer meeting preceded by short talk on "Evolution of the Soul", Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, today (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Talk by Rao Sahib N. N. Aiyar, on "My Experiences" tonight (Wednesday), at 9-00 p.m., at Sangham premises.

STUDENT COLLECTIONS FOR POSTAL STRIKE FUND: The General Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union has issued the following appeal: "On Tuesday the B. S. U. volunteers made collections in their schools and colleges for the Postal Strikers' Fund. Collections will be made also today (Wednesday), in boxes sealed and signed by Mr. Kavlekar Secretary of the B. P. Postmen's Union."

"KASHMIR SALUTATION" MEETING. Under the auspices of the Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India a public meeting will be held to express solidarity with the Kashmir People's struggle today (Wednesday), at Ruia College, at 9 p.m. Mr. G. Adhikari will preside. Dr. Ashraf, Sajjad Zaheer, Ramesh Chandra, Vimla Bakaya will speak.

TALKS ON FOOD PROBLEM: The food situation has brought home the truth that the farmer's problems are our problems. On Tuesdays at 9-45 p.m. A.I. Radio, Bombay will broadcast a series of talks entitled "The Farmer's Problems". The first in the series was a talk by Sir Manilal Nanavati on 'What is wrong with our agriculture' on Tuesday, 23rd July.

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION: An extraordinary general meeting at 8-30 p.m., today, in the Brahmin Sabha Hall, Charni Road, Girgaon. Mr. M. N. Talpade, President of the Union, will preside.

In an appeal to Postal Signallers, Mr. Talpade advises them to do work only in their own office and "politely refuse to do anything in the discharge of the duties which savours of working as black-legs."

Wadia's Symphony To Be Rendered By B.B.C.

The BBC has conferred an unique honour in accepting the symphony composed by Mr. C. J. A. Wadia, City's well-known composer. It is rare achievement for Mr. Wadia, for this is perhaps the first time a full-length symphony has been composed by an Indian and adjudged as good by the B.B.C. music panel.

The symphony can be heard tomorrow (Wednesda) at 9-45 (I.S.T.) in the B.B.C. programme of their Scottish Symphony Orchestra.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, July 24.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 ko/s)—7-30 a.m. Keep Fit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 N. R. Bhattacharya (Surbahar) 8-45 Mohantara Talpade 9-0 Tulsidas Sharma. 12-0 p.m. Programme of topical interest (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Songs (H) 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (M) 5-0 N. R. Bhattacharya (Surbahar) 5-15 Vimal Patki 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sindhi Songs 6-30 S. Jafar Qawwal 6-45 M. D. Sadolikar 7-0 N. R. Bhattacharya (Surbahar) 7-15 Hu Bhikhari Gujarati Rupak written by Chandrakant Sutana 7-30 Tulsidas Sharma 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ab Kya Hoga (Talk in Hindustani by M. A. Harris) 8-45 Juhu (H) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Your Food and Health (by Rao Bahadur N. S. Joshi) 10-0 Orchestral Music 10-20 Vimal Patki 10-40 Tulsidas Sharma.

Are You Tired of Your Wife's Hysteria?
Get a phial of Royapilla. Dr. W. C. Roy's Specific for Insanity, Hysteria, Epilepsy, etc., Ask your Chemist or write to
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9th Popular Week!
SOHRAB MODI'S Great Social
SHAMA
Starring: MEHTAB
(The Queen of Emotions)
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

28TH Triumphant Week!
JAMUNA Productions'
RATTAN
(with songs in colour)
Daily: 4-15, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p. m.
IMPERIAL

7TH SUCCESSFUL WEEK!
NAVYUG'S Social Hit
ROOM NO. 9
Starring: GEETA NIZAMI
KRISHNA
Daily 4, 7, 10 p.m.

EDUCATIONISTS TO MEET IN POONA

POONA, July 23. (A.P.I.): Questions such as the policy regarding basic education, compulsory primary education, removal of adult illiteracy, conscription of students for social service and place of English in secondary schools, will be discussed at a conference of Education Ministers from all the provinces in the country to be held here on July 30 and 31, 1946. The conference has been convened by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier and Minister in charge of Education, Bombay. Mahatma Gandhi, it is reliably learnt, will be attending the conference.

Among others who are invited to attend the conference are Mr. D. M. Sen, Secretary to the Government of India, Education Department, Dr. E. W. Aryanayakam, Secretary of the Hindustani Tamil Sangh, Acharya Kaka Kalelkar, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Acharya Kripalani; Dr. Zakir Hussein; Mr. Anant Nath Basu, Director of Post-Graduate training in Calcutta University; Prof. D. R. Gadgil, Sir Bomanji Wadia, Vice Chancellor, Bombay University and Mr. S. H. Prater.

LITERACY CLASSES FOR FACTORIES

Bombay City Adult Education Committee's Plans

The current Session of the literacy campaign carried on by the Bombay City Adult Education Committee will be coming to a close by the end of this month. 500 literacy classes are running with an enrolment of 10,000 adult pupils, men and women. The usual literacy test will be given to these adults and it is expected that between 7,500 and 8,000 of them will satisfy the test. The rest will be absorbed again in the new classes. Besides the above 500 literacy classes, 175 post-literacy classes are running to give the new literates further facilities in reading, writing and education for citizenship.

SECOND SESSION

The second session of the year will commence from the first week of August and the same number of fresh classes and post-literacy classes will be opened. The work of enlistment has begun. Those who are interested in this kind of social service are requested to get into touch immediately with the Special Literacy Officer (Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Tel. No. 32475. The private associations, students' associations, etc., working in the field of social service are also requested to take up this work as part of their programme.

The social workers are aware that the Committee makes a grant at 50 per cent of the reasonable expenditure incurred by private associations and supplies all the materials free to those conducted on voluntary basis. The Committee has a special scheme of literacy classes to be run in factories, mills, workshops, and other big concerns. For particulars, inquiries should be made with the Special Literacy Officer at the above address or by telephone.

"DRAGON'S TEETH"

Well-Produced I.N.T. Play

"Dragon's Teeth" presented by the Indian National Theatre at the Sunderbai Hall announces the organisation by the institution of its English unit. Hima Kesarcodi and her collaborators deserve the credit of successful production. Settings, costumes, sound-effects and lighting bear testimony to the high organising abilities and experience of the director.

The cast is well chosen. Mr. Mangesh Wagle proves to be an admirable selection for the role assigned to him. He is conspicuous throughout by his brilliant performance. Hima Kesarcodi, with her refined acting, rises to the full height of her role. Enid Bocarro renders a good account of her abilities.

The play is a condemnation of war—a theme which is not new. It brings in the two opposites—"horrors" and "hatred" of war, but does not succeed in making the contrast sufficiently strong. The first act has not much to relieve the dullness of dialogues. In the second act the plot develops into a lively situation, and it touches its climax in the last—"Sheetals" dream—which presents some exciting sequences

Though garbed in Indian robes "Dragon's Teeth" does not give a convincing portrayal of any aspect of Indian life. The Indian National Theatre ought to have ushered its English unit with a better selection if not something original. It has aimed at the efficiency of production. It should also aim at encouraging creative work. India is full of men and material needed for the revival of the stage.

D. G. V.

Footwear And Sales-Tax

On Monday a deputation on behalf of the Footwear Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association of Bombay Presidency, consisting of Mr. A. A. Badat, Mr. Sonegaonker, M.L.A. Mr. S. C. Parekh, Mr. Mohammed Husain, Mr. Fazul Huque, waited upon the Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta, and requested him that footwear being a bare necessity of life may be exempted from sales-tax In view of the fact that foot-wear industry is a cottage industry in this province needs all the encouragement from the Government and the Minister has promised the delegation that the Government would consider their request.

Forfeiture Of Cloth For Breach Of Rationing Order

The Government of Bombay has amended the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, by which any court trying a contravention of this order can direct the forfeiture of the stock of any rationed cloth in respect of which it is satisfied that this order has been contravened. The necessary amendment to the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order, 1945 is being published in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette of July 25, 1946 says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

Harwood League Football

TATAS WIN SCRAPPY ENGAGEMENT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Tatas	3
Karnatak S. A	0

In contrast to the exciting and keenly contested encounters at the Cooperage during the last fortnight, this evening's match between the Tatas and Karnatak S. A. in the second half of the Harwood League Football was an up and down affair with hardly any shot during the 70 minutes that could have done credit to the players.

The Tata's changed their team quite appreciably bringing on Shetty as right-back in place of Mandon who played left-back, thus dropping Papen. In Mandon (Jr.) a new-comer was introduced into the attack. Peter playing right in got the first goal while Krishnamurthi at centre-forward got the other two.

The teams:—

Tatas—Tsingalaya, Shetty and Mandon (Sr.); Anantram, Krishnan and Damodar; Mani, Mandon (Jr.), Krishnamurthi Peter and Keshav.

Karnatak S. A.—V. M. Sahai; N. C. Puthran and Sunder Shetty; S. A. Kundu, D. P. Puthran and S. T. Suvarna; S. J. Suvarna, Naidu, S. K. Amin, Sheshappa and S. D. Shetty.

Referee Humphreys.

This evening at 5-45 p.m. Leicesters vs Young Goans.

JINNAH'S RIGHT HAND MAN

City Tributes To Late Aziz Laljee

A public meeting of the Muslims of Bombay was held at Kaiser Bagh on Sunday night to condole the death of Aziz Laljee. Sir Careembhoy Ibrahim presided.

Mr. Khalid Akhtar Afghanee paying tribute to the life and work of the deceased said that Aziz was one of the pioneers in the field of organizing Muslim National Guards and worked indefatigably in building up the institution. His services to the Muslim League, he added, were so outstanding that Mr. Jinnah admitted that Aziz was his right hand man.

Among others who paid tributes to him were Mr. Amin Azad Mr. Hasan Raza, Mr. Habib Jamal Kashmire and Sir Kareembhoy Ibraheem.&

A resolution condoling the death of Aziz Laljee was adopted at the meeting.

Reception To Kailasam

Mr. T. P. Kailasam, well-known playwright, and author and President of Kannada Literary Conference was given a reception at the club of the Journalist Association on Tuesday evening.

Kannadigas of Bombay have decided to present a purse to Mr. Kailasam on th occasion of his 60th birthday coming off on August 4.

The Mysore Association Bombay, has set up a Committee for the purpose.

Ban On Groundnut Oil Export

The Government of Bombay has reissued its Order originally issued in 1943, banning the export of groundnut oil in excess of 10 lbs. carried as part of his personal luggage by a bona-fide traveller, by rail, road or sea from the Province of Bombay to any place in India outside its limits except under a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay or the Deputy Director of Civil Supplies (General), Bombay, or the Licencing Officer in the office of the Supply Commissioner, Bombay, or an Officer authorised in this behalf by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay. The Order has been published in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary dated July 15, 1946.

We apologise for keeping you waiting.

Apart from the question of 'quotas' and raw materials, it takes a long time to make a Favre-Leuba watch - because, each watch must be the perfection of true craftsmanship. So we are sorry to keep you waiting, but be patient and one day you can be the proud possessor of a watch by Favre-Leuba.

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MEASURES THE WATER OF THE WORLD
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Accuracy
A BY-WORD WITH IT
FOR PARTICULARS PLEASE WRITE TO
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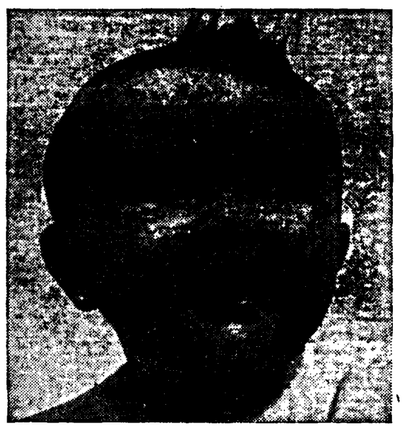

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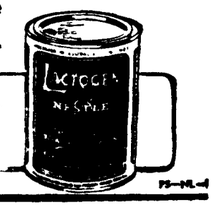
What of *your* baby? Does his food suit him? If you are not completely satisfied, start Lactogen feeds at once.



The "LACTOGEN MOTHER BOOK" Contains simple wise advice to expectant and nursing mothers. Get your copy by sending 4 as. in stamps to Nestle's P.O. Box 315, Bombay.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA July 23, (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, July 23, 1946:

The depression in the Bay of Bengal is apparently stationary about 50 miles South-East of Puri. Rainfall has been widespread in the Central Provinces, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the North Madras coast, and local in the East and North Punjab, Hyderabad and Mysore. There were also a few falls in the rest of the peninsula, in the rest of North-West India, in West Central India and in the United Provinces.

Forecast until the 24th evening:—Rainfall will be nearly general in the peninsula outside South-East Madras. Rain will fall locally in the Central Provinces, North Orissa, Bengal, Bihar, the Northern Divisions of the United Provinces, the East Punjab and in Kashmir. A few showers will occur in Gujarat, Sind and Baluchistan, while scattered dust—or thunderstorms are likely in the North-West Frontier Province and the South-West Punjab.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain will commence in the Northern Division of the United Provinces and in Bihar within the next 48 hours.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June 1946 and departure from normal, recorded at 08.00 hours (IST), on 23rd July 1946.

Abu nil; Ahmedabad 91 78 T. 6.6 minus 6.6; Ahmednagar 90 73 0 6.3 minus 1.8; Allahabad 97 83 0 18.7 plus 4.7; Bangalore 76 66 T. 5.7 nil; Baroda 93 80 0.1 14.7 nil; Benares 97 81 0 16.9 plus 3.9; Bombay 87 78 0.1 33.3 minus 6.0; Calcutta 91 81 T 14.5 minus 6.8; Cawnpore 95 82 0 11.9 plus 0.5; Colombo 86 79 0 10.1 minus 2.1; Delhi 98 79 0 8.5 minus 0.2; Hyderabad (Dn) 79 K 72 0.9 7.7 minus 1.2; Indore 86 73 0 25.3 plus 6.1; Karachi 88 80 0.7 2.2 minus 0.7; Lahore 101 85 0 7.0 plus 1.4; Lucknow 94 81 T 16.5 plus 3.1; Madras 90 (rest not given) Mahabaleshwar 66 63 3.4 104.7 minus 9.7; Nagpur 89 74 0.4 20.1 minus 0.1; Patna 95 83 0 9.5 minus 6.0; Peshawar 99 83 0.1 0.1 minus 1.0; Poona 83 71 0.1 4.1 minus 5.2; Quetta 92 70 0 0.2 minus 0.2; Sholapur 84 73 T 9.3 plus 1.6; Simla 69 60 1.7 22.0 plus 4.7; Srinagar 91 66 0 3.2 minus 0.1; Surat 88 80 0 19.4 minus 2.3.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"There is hardly any man living who may not be wrought upon by flattery; but when it comes to be applied to a vain fool, it makes him forty times an arranter fool than he was."

—Aesop.

The Bombay Chronicle

WANTED A SETTLEMENT

The Postal strike threatens to spread into a general strike in Bombay and elsewhere if no settlement is arrived at an early date. That was made fairly clear by the token strikes in the city on Monday. Indeed, the huge meeting of mill workers held under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Trade Union Congress formally adopted a resolution supporting the demands of the Postal strikers and warning Government that in the event of non-acceptance of the demands within a reasonable period the entire labour population of India would go on a strike. With the strike fever that is already abroad and workers labouring under various hardships, the authorities concerned cannot afford to take the resolution as an idle threat. Nor is it wise for them to bestir themselves only at the eleventh hour. Monday's experiences show that a general strike, even if partially successful, causes considerable discomfort to the public.

As regards the Postal strike it is some relief to note that serious negotiations for a settlement have begun at Poona, where, in response to an invitation from Mr. Kher, Mr. Krishna Prasad, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, Mr. V. G. Dalvi, Hon. General Secretary, All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union, and a few members of the Strike Committee met at Premier Kher's residence. At the end of the preliminary discussion Mr. Kher expressed a hope that there would be an early termination of the strike. Mr. Dalvi has called an urgent meeting of the Strike Committee today in Bombay "to further discuss the Union's demands with Mr. Krishna Prasad." The discussions will, doubtless, turn on the Adjudicator's award on some of the postmen's demands. The General Council of the Federation of Post and Telegraph Unions, a body which has so far stood out of the strike, has now come to the unanimous decision that the award does not provide the relief which the circumstances of the situation warrant nor satisfies the original demands made by the Federation. The Council has now submitted its minimum demands to the Secretary for Posts and Air, warning him at the same time that the situation is already very grave and may get out of hand unless the demands are met within 48 hours. If the negotiations fail, he says, the Federation intends to issue a directive to all affiliated Unions to call a general strike, in which case the entire postal, telegraph, telephone and wireless services in every part of India will "shut down immediately". The worst of it is that things may not end even there. We were sharply reminded of that on Monday.

The dispute must not be allowed to deteriorate into a trial of strength, which can only harm both sides. The Adjudicator's award, which, fortunately, has been accepted in toto by Government may not cover many of the demands of the postmen. But to the extent it does it deserves to be accepted by the strikers in the same spirit in which it has been accepted by Government. As for the other demands it will be difficult for the poor postmen to wait long for the Pay Commission's decisions. Fair interim relief ought to be possible. As has been pointed out by the General Council of the Federation, the Department of Posts and Air has already shown a profit of Rs. 11 crores and should not find it difficult to meet the Federation's demands substantially. We share the Congress President's hope that the negotiations, due to take place today, will end in a complete settlement. If they fail to do that, it will be well for both the parties to avail themselves of the kind offer of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to help in bringing about an amicable settlement. There could be no better mediator for such a dispute and it is gratifying to learn that he has already been helpful. We trust that with his most timely assistance a settlement will be effected very soon.

Frankly Speaking

Planning A Betrayal

While the Jewish terrorists have committed another outrage by wrecking the British Military Headquarters in Jerusalem, something of "prime importance to the future of Palestine is being planned", as Dr. Hussein Khalidi, Secretary of the Arab Higher Committee, said the other day. "It is", he pointed out, 'no coincidence that General Sir Alan Cunningham and Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the Jewish Agency, will be in London at the same time". Nor is it. A great and decisive betrayal of Arab Palestine is being planned. The first item in this betrayal is arrangement for the immediate transfer of 100,000 European Jews to Palestine, an outrage which both the United States and Britain have already publicly favoured. The second item is the reported proposal to partition Palestine originated by Professor Reginald Coupland, who specialises in dividing and cutting up other people's lands. But the Arabs are not going to tolerate either. M. Jamal Husseini, the acting chairman of the Arab Higher Committee, has warned against any attempt to dump any more Jews on Palestine. He has further declared that the Arabs "emphatically reject" the partition of the land of which they—and, let it be emphasised, they alone—are the rightful owners.

Arab Warning

The British have, as M. Husseini points out, been "apologetic" towards the terrorist Jews of Palestine while, in 1936 and 1937, they were cynically tyrannical and cruel in dealing with the Arabs. British preferences are well-known, and the Arabs are under no delusion as to the character of the "deal" which Britain and America are planning nor as to the manner in which the treacherous deal will be sought to be imposed. But America and Britain had better understand quite clearly that their betrayal will have to contend against the entire Arab World, the Muslim World and indeed, more than that. For every Asiatic and every Indian is for the Arabs in their fight to defend what is theirs against invasion of outsiders supported by the money and brute force of America and Britain.

Gandhiji's Declaration

In this connection we welcome Mahatma Gandhi's article in the latest issue of "Harijan" which is timely in more than one sense. There is no doubt that Jews in Europe and in the Western Hemisphere too—have been subjected to fanatical intolerance, tyrannical prejudice and inhuman and bestial tortures, and they have suffered all this at the hands of what is called "Christian civilization" and not the Arabs. They deserve every humane person's sympathy but not at the expense of the innocent Arabs who are not to blame for their plight. Mr. Louis Fisher's four-lines which must have received wide publicity abroad conveyed no doubt unconsciously, the impression that Gandhiji, while sympathising with the unfortunate Jews recognised them as having some sort of right to Palestine. Gandhiji has removed that impression, which, in fact, should never have been created. The Jews have erred. "Why", as he asks, "should they depend upon American money or British arms for *forcing themselves on an unwelcome land?*" (our italics). In that one sentence he conclusively clarifies the whole situation both in its moral and political aspects. Palestine does not belong to Jews. They have no right to the land much less any right to force themselves upon it against the wishes of the inhabitants with the help of America and Britain. Gandhiji's pronouncement is timely, especially on the eve of whatever the British and the Americans may be planning. It is a declaration on behalf of India, apart from the fact that it shows what the greatest humanitarian of the age impartially thinks of the problem.

Sardar Hall

The public of Bombay will cordially welcome the proposal to construct a hall in the city as a memorial to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's meritorious services to the country. Nor will there be any difficulty in collecting the requisite amount of Rs. 10 lakhs. The Municipality is to be asked to incur any further expenditure that may be necessary and to supervise the construction of the hall. We are confident the Municipality will accept the plan, as the hall is to be handed over to it after its construction for its maintenance. As regards the proposal to build the hall in the vicinity of Gowalia Tank Maidan, we trust the site will not be any part of the Maidan itself. Bombay has already too few open spaces for its growing population and even these are too often occupied by temporary structures. Any permanent structure thereon will be a disservice to the people, particularly to children.

Educational Expansion

There are many serious practical difficulties in any provincial Government in India adopting a resolution like the one moved by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi in the Bombay Assembly, recommending that Government should conscript matriculates and graduates for service as teachers for two years in primary and secondary schools respectively, in order to speed up the progress of education, especially compulsory primary education in the Province. It is unnecessary to discuss these difficulties here as the Government has already devised a scheme of expansion without enforcing conscription. Teaching needs to be voluntary if it is to be efficient. Nay, the teachers should also be paid fairly, in which case a sufficient number of teachers will be easily available. So far as general teaching in ordinary school hours is concerned, even voluntary teaching by non-professional teachers can help only to a very small extent. But such persons, even high school students, if properly guided, can be of appreciable use in imparting literacy to adults in continuation classes in the evening or morning, particularly during the long vacations of colleges. We should like to have full particulars about the scheme, announced by Mr. Kher to remove adult illiteracy in the province.

'HINDUS & MUSLIMS ARE TWO EYES OF STATE'

Nizam Promulgates Reforms

"The Hindus and Muslims of these Dominions are the two eyes of the State", says His Exalted Highness in the course of a Firman sanctioning the revised scheme of constitutional reforms which has been announced through a Gazette Extraordinary dated July 22.

The new Legislative Assembly consists of 132 members, of whom 76 will be elected, 43 nominated and 13 will be appointed members. Out of the 119 elected and nominated members of the Assembly, there will be 58 Hindus, 58 Muslims, 2 Christians and 1 Parsee.

Of the 76 elected members, 32 will represent agriculture, 20 will represent the owners and tenants of lands and buildings, 4 will represent the holders of Samasthans and Jagirs and 4 will represent labour. Out of the remaining 16 elected seats, 2 have been allotted to commerce, 2 to industries, 2 to banking, 2 to the legal profession, 2 to medical profession, 2 to graduates, 2 to local government institutions and 2 to Maashdars, viz., persons who are in the enjoyment of land or cash grants from the State exchequer.

Out of the 43 nominated seats, 5 have been allotted to the five important Estates in the Dominions, viz., the three Paigahs, the Estate of the late Maharaja Sir Kishen Pershad and the Estate of Nawab Salar Jung Bahadur. Of the remaining 38 seats, at least half the number will be filled by non-officials. Among the interests which will be represented through nomination are women, the co-operative movement, journalists, the University, the depressed classes, Lingayats, Christians, Sikhs and Parsees.

Out of the 13 appointed members, ten will be members of the Executive Council and three will represent the Sarfe-Khas Mubarak, viz., the Crown Lands.

ELECTED MAJORITY

Elected members have a clear majority of 20 over non-elected members in the Assembly the former being seventy-six and the latter fifty-six; while non-officials have a majority of fifty-eight over officials, the former being ninety-five and the latter thirty-seven.

Out of the 76 elected members, 52 will be returned by territorial constituencies and 24 by functional ones. The election in all constituencies will be on the basis of joint electorate as follows:

(a) If a Hindu or a Muslim candidate obtains at least 51 per cent of the votes of his own community, then such candidate shall be declared duly elected, irrespective of the number of votes secured by him of the other communities;

(b) If none of the candidates for a Hindu or a Muslim seat secure 51 per cent of the votes of his own community, then out of the two candidates who have obtained the largest number of votes of their own community, that candidate shall be declared elected who has secured the higher aggregate of the votes cast by the voters of all communities.

All agriculturists who pay Rs. 100/- per annum as land revenue or rent have been enfranchised. Similarly all persons owing lands and buildings of a minimum rental value of Rs. 5/- per mensem and all persons occupying such property on rent have been given a vote as also the right to seek election to the Assembly.

POWERS AND FUNCTION

The powers and functions of the Assembly have also been enlarged and many subjects which were excluded from the purview of the Assembly in the 1939 announcement have now been included in it, the most important change relating to the presentation of the State budget in the legislature. Certain items, such as 'salaries and allowances, pensions and gratuities', have been removed from the list of excluded subjects.

The Nizam has issued an instrument of instructions calling upon his Government to import into the working of the constitution a spirit of accommodation and responsiveness to the wishes of the legislature. Further, Government have been directed not to exercise the power of certification or veto in respect of any legislation without referring it back to the Assembly for further consideration. The instrument also directs that Government should be liberal in granting permission to non-official members of the Assembly to ask questions, move resolutions or introduce Bills in respect of matters not expressly included within the purview of the Assembly.

H. E. H. has further directed that those members of the Assembly who owe their seats to appointment by him viz., the members of the Executive Council and representatives of Crownlands shall not vote in any division on a private Bill or any clause thereof or a resolution which is declared by the President of Council to raise a major communal issue.

His Exalted Highness has expressed his intention to appoint, as soon as possible, two elected members of the Assembly, one Hindu and one Muslim, as members of the Executive Council.

The appointment of a public service commission and the promulgation of a regulation dealing with newspapers and periodicals have also been announced.

CONSTITUTION BASED ON PARITY

At a press conference this evening presided over by the President of the Nizam's Executive Council, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur, Reforms Member, said that the constitutional reforms announced in 1939 were not implemented due to war conditions.

Answering a question, the Member said that the constitution was based on the principle of parity between Hindus and Muslims and hence no member of any other minority was eligible for election. But members of minorities as also interests not covered by the reforms would be nominated to the Assembly in consultation with their respective authorised organisations. Members of minorities were fully entitled to exercise their vote but he made it clear that they could not stand for election.

RESERVED SEATS FOR HARIJANS

Replying to another question, he said that members of the Depressed Classes were included under sub-head "Hindus". Members of the Depressed Classes could exercise the right of voting and participate in and contest elections. Government, however, realised that due to their economic and educational backwardness the Depressed Classes might not be able to compete with Hindus, hence, in view of their numerical strength in the State a few seats had been reserved for them to be filled by nomination.

The Reforms Member said that the leaders of the main political parties in the State including Majlis Ittihadul Muslimin and three Provincial Conferences were consulted while effecting the present constitutional changes.

The Revenue Member, Mr. Grigson who was also present at the conference, said that during the period of elections to the new Assembly due to be held in the beginning of October 1946, restrictions on holding public meetings will be relaxed to enable candidates to carry on the election campaign.

British Pastor Prefers Loyalty To God To Loyalty To State

Withholds Payment Of Tax As Protest Against S. African Govt.'s Breach Of Faith With Indians

Rev. Michael Scott of Goad Street, Sophiatown, Johannesburg addressed the following letter to the Right Hon. J. H. Hofmeyr, Vice-Premier of South Africa Union Government recently.

Dear Mr. Hofmeyr,

When writing to you on other occasions it has always been in some representative capacity, and so, lest this should be open to misinterpretation, I should like to make it clear that this is written in an entirely personal capacity and without any previous reference to any religious body, or any political party or other group, so that only a personal responsibility is involved.

The matter concerns one of good faith in political and racial relationships and inevitably therefore moral and personal relationships, too. It is difficult, sometimes, even to be certain of one's own motives but I am writing now under a strong sense of compulsion which I can no longer resist after using all the means of prayer and self-examination which our religion makes available.

During the war years frequent negotiations have taken place with representatives of the Government on matters of social and economic policy with always the prospect being held out of advancement and of more enlightened legislation particularly as regards the status and conditions of Non-Europeans. Public opinion as expressed in such forms as the proposed National War Memorial has sometimes seemed to favour such advancement.

At all events, many promises have been made during the past few years in almost all matters affecting Non-Europeans, as well as matters of such general concern as soil conservation, regional planning, etc. Numerous Commissions have made their recommendations. Resolutions have been passed and detailed memoranda submitted by various public bodies on these subjects.

PROMISES UNFULFILLED

I have been responsible myself for arranging a number of deputations during the past three years at which the need for reforms in many matters affecting Non-Europeans have been urgently stressed. Promises regarding some of these reforms were made by responsible Ministers. Reference for example could be made to the memoranda submitted by a large number of religious bodies, trade unions, and other organisations in September, 1944, to the Ministers of Justice, Labour and Native Affairs.

The promises which were made on various occasions by the Prime Minister and other Ministers have been mainly concerned with:

1. The land—its title and use especially by the Non-European communities.

2. Social security for all races.

3. Reforms in industrial legislation as this affects Non-Europeans, especially their training and use in skilled occupations, and their freedom to organise trade unions, the use of war measures in this connection.

4. Reforms in the administration of justice particularly as this affects Africans in urban areas, and as affected by urban areas legislation, the pass laws, and by land scarcity migratory labour and the condition of agriculture in the Native Territories and Trust Farms.

5. The more efficient distribution of available food supplies amongst Non-Europeans and the prevention of discrimination against them by distributors in the towns and by unlawful profiteering and black marketing.

6. The prevention of ill-treatment of Non-Europeans in Court, Jails, Departmental offices, public vehicles and at the hands of the public officials.

It would be difficult to enumerate all the ways in which, during the past twenty years, the State has been guilty of bad faith, not so much in words, but in its actual dealings with the Non-European peoples of this country. All the above matters have formed the subject of repeated representations by various public bodies; and the failure of the present Government to redeem the promises made with regard to them seems to make all the more unacceptable, to the Christian conscience the conception of trusteeship, as this is expressed, in the form of communal representation, coupled with the imposition of severe limitation and artificial restrictions on grounds of race and religion.

RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

With particular reference to the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Bill now before Parliament this appears to be yet another instance of severe racial discrimination in policy and law; and the passing of the act would seem to place one who has opposed this measure on these grounds under a moral obligation to resist the unjust implications which must follow from its enactment.

As one of many who have looked for a gradual reversal of that policy of segregation coupled with the enforcement of legal and economic disabilities on grounds of race it now seems as though it will be necessary to challenge that policy. In the first place it is contrary to the Divine Will and Purpose as many Christians are able to interpret it, and as it is expressed in the natural law of growth and development; and in the second place it threatens to bring about serious racial and communal antagonism in the future. Already this antagonism exists and is growing. It can no longer be overcome by promises and assurances regarding the motives underlying the doctrine of trusteeship.

Again, by way of example, the Coloured people of the Transvaal, (numbering some 26,000) amongst whom I am working are both indigenous to this country and are also a special responsibility of the European community. One cannot help recalling the assurances that were given to a deputation organised by the Congregational Church two years ago appealing for an extension of the franchise to the Transvaal Coloured community.

Since I have myself been party to some of the seemingly deceptive negotiations on behalf of Non-Europeans which have taken place during the war years, I feel the more strongly disposed to challenge the bad faith which seems to be so evident in the breaking of repeated promises towards them, and in the passage of such legislation as the Native Urban Areas Act, and the proposed Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Bill.

The economic effects of all the discriminatory legislation which has been enforced during the past two decades are now being drastically felt by that four-fifth of our population which is, at the same time, the most inarticulate section. Clearly one cannot combat the evil consequence of this discriminatory legislation, as these are evident in the slums and poverty, in the despair and bitterness and in the increasing viciousness of the life of the Non-European communities in our cities, without combating the legislation itself. However ineffective the means of protest may appear, one must make it in all faith if the alternative appears to be gradual creation of a form of racial oligarchy in which the very structure of the State would assume a character fundamentally irreconcilable with the Doctrine and Spirit of Christ.

Therefore failing any dramatic reversal of policy in the direction of redeeming past promises I feel obliged to consider as the only remaining means of protest against injustice and bad faith, the withholding of payment of direct taxation, and instead the contributions of not less than these amounts to funds or institutions serving the needs of these neglected sections of the community.

The receipts for these amounts will then be forwarded to your department, in lieu of tax payments owing from me in due course. My work with Non-Europeans will continue as far as this is permitted but it seems right to acquaint you with this proposed action in advance. Having worked for a number of years amongst Non-Europeans both in India and in South Africa I feel that much might be gained and nothing could be lost for the cause of future peace and racial harmony by Christians perferring their loyalty to God when necessary before their loyalty to the State.

Before concluding, may I refer to the subject of report No. 5 of the Social and Economic Planning Council dealing with regional development? The urgency of many of the recommendations made in this connection was appreciated by many at the beginning of last year. At the end of the year the Minister of Economic Development gave the assurance that the Government was "finalising its decisions" and that an inter-departmental committee was being set up. In a letter received two or three days ago the Minister, while expressing his "determination that the matter shall not be lost sight of" doubts whether finality can be reached now that the Prime Minister is away." Thus, more than four months after this assurance was given, one reads on the same day of the Prime Minister's approval of the establishment of a Regional Commission to promote the economic uplift and betterment of the Natives of the South Sea Islands.

THE CONGRESS AND GAMBLING

(BY D. F. KARAKA.)

The purpose of this article is neither to defend gambling nor attack it. It merely tries to draw a realistic picture of the mood of the people and in comparison the somewhat naive approach of a popular Government towards it.

Hitherto we have looked upon the Congress as the spearhead of our fight for freedom. We have rallied behind the Congress because it stood for Indian Independence as against British sovereignty. This one fact has given the Congress immunity from criticism because the question of our freedom predominated over everything else.

To-day the Congress position is very different. In this province its representatives are in office. They form the administration. They are the Government of the day. Therefore, its attitude to the problems it tackles is of direct concern to us, the people and one has a right to criticise it. That is the very essence of democracy.

TURF CLUB'S LICENCE.

In the last few weeks, the Congress policy towards gambling has come very much to the forefront. It has obviously been discussed both inside and outside the Congress on the occasion of the renewal of the Turf Club's licence to race. According to well-informed Congress sources, while the Congress could not kill racing completely at one stroke, this is the first of a series of 'coups de grace' which we are to expect from the Congress Government.

There have been other little signs of this: the fruit machines in the Turf Club House in Poona and the Cricket Club of India are shortly to be removed.

While I hold no brief for fruit machines, being unable to find time of patience for them, I cannot help feeling that the proposed action is more akin to that of a Purity League than of a popular national Government of a major province like Bombay.

The Congress can never kill gambling in this country for gambling is in the blood of the people. The Congress will certainly not achieve its purpose by removing a couple of innocuous fruit machines or by killing racing in Western India.

SHARE BAZAR.

If the Congress really wants to attack the problem of gambling, it must tackle it at its roots. The gambling on the fruit machines and even on the race course is an infinitesimal part of the gambling which goes on in this city. The den of gambling is not so much Mahaluxsmi as the Share Bazaar. It is here, in the Share Bazaar, that a turnover of crores is done every day when it is quite apparent to the most casual of observers that the business transacted is not by way of investment but for speculation. The forward market is nothing if not a gamble. The Congress knows it.

It is so in the Cotton Bazaar, the Gold and Silver Bazaar where many thousands of Congress supporters operate every day and still claim to support the Congress.

But while racing has been hindered and a fruit machine about to be taken away, very little has been done to close down the forward markets in cotton, textiles, stocks and shares and other commodities on which people all over the world gamble. The Congress Government cannot, evidently, risk alienating all those hundreds of thousands of Indians who have been operating on these markets for years and who are not likely to stop now, Congress or no Congress.

BUCKET-SHOPS.

There is also the little man's gamble, which is known as sutta betting. In little bucket shops which dot this town, you can see the many hundreds of men and women who come to back a number from one to ten every day for six days a week. Our newspapers have often attacked these bucket shops and urged their closing down. No one has, however, explained why these same papers allow their Commercial Editors to put the New York Cotton Closing prices so prominently in their paper. The fact is that the people want it.

The business of a Government is anything but that of a moralist. This tendency to moralize is very much in evidence in the Congress Government. The trouble is that our Government has too much idealism and too little realism. Idealists don't last long these days. It has been proved the world over.

If racing is killed in Western India it will go to Calcutta and the loss will be that of our province. If it is possible, there will be race tracts in the Indian States like Baroda and Hyderabad. Even if there is no racing in the country, people will be betting on races in England, France, the United States and elsewhere. The people who will suffer will be the hundreds of poor people who earn a living out of racing: the grooms, the syces, the men who find employment on stud farms and in stables. No one of our many puritans appears to understand that, as a result of the popularity of racing, a whole industry like horse-breeding has at last established itself in this country. While millions of rupees used to find their way to breeders in England, the money now remains in the country. The racing season fetches some 80 lacs to the Government of Bombay; it also fetches thousands of people to this city during the season. The city is prosperous as a result, for the money of these people is spent here instead of being spent elsewhere.

PERSONAL FREEDOM.

It is childish to expect a people to go for a swim or a walk instead of gambling on Saturdays. It is, in any case not the business of a Government to tell the individual what he should do. Whatever its disadvantages, if a man wants to squander his money, he has a right to do it and if you deny him the right, he will, if he is so inclined, find ways and means of doing it.

Our Government is, unfortunately, not made up of people who have "lived" in any sense of that word. While they are well-meaning, pious, honest-to-God, they appear to live in a naive sort of world of their own. They are men from the small-town world, who are completely unaware of the needs of other men. More than anything else what the people of this country want is their personal freedom. They have fought for freedom from the British and, if pushed, they will fight for their personal freedom, too, should it ever be in danger of being jeopardised.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

PANCHGANI, July 21.

The dedication ceremony of a property worth about Rs. 50,000 which was given by Seth Shantilal Mangaldas, of Ahmedabad, to be turned into a sanatorium for the poor, and especially Harijans, who would desire to come to Panchgani for reasons of health, was performed by Mr. Gandhi this evening. The property was presented to Mr. Gandhi during the evening's prayers, when Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, and Messrs. M. P. Patil and G. D. Tapase, Ministers, were present.

—A. P. I.

★ ★ ★

"I am surprised at the statement of Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander with reference to the Scheduled Castes in the House of Commons"—Dewan Bahadur N. Shivaraj.

The Dewan Bahadur should send a picture of his surprise to Mr. Winston Churchill and Lord Linlithgow.

★ ★ ★

At a public meeting at Delhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru declared that the Congress was entering the Constituent Assembly with the object of working it out and if it was found that they were unable to achieve their purpose, they would withdraw from it and wreck it.

We are looking forward eagerly to the thunderous oration on July 27.

★ ★ ★

Professor Maikani, Congress, M.L.A., Sind, quotes the Congress President as saying that the question of the recall of Sir Francis Mudie would be taken up by the Provisional Government when it was formed.

It, therefore, cannot obviously be formed.

And we are looking forward to July 27 even more eagerly now.

★ ★ ★

Sir Kenneth Mealing, a former Chairman of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, is dreaming in London that after a few years of Independence India will ask to be accepted back into the British Commonwealth.

What will happen to the poor Mealing if on waking up he finds India conditionally willing to accept Britain in the Indian Commonwealth?

★ ★ ★

NAIROBI: The Kenya Legislative Council has adopted a motion opposing (U.N.O.) trusteeship system for Tanganyika and favouring British Colonial Status.—Reuter.

Democracy has spoken, the democracy of European meaning British manned Legislative Council of Tang—sorry, Kenya. What could be more unanswerably conclusive and convincing?

★ ★ ★

The Allies led by America are having discussions with various countries regarding the handing over of German assets in those countries to themselves.

There need, of course, be no discussion about German—and European—liabilities, the Jews, who are to be handed over under Anglo-American leadership to Palestine.

★ ★ ★

Some British cruisers are reported to have steamed up to certain Iranian ports on the Persian Gulf.

Not, we hope, to pour fire on troubled oils?

★ ★ ★

"I am for a free press"—Mr. Winston Churchill.

Naturally, naturally. The free press of the multi-millionaires like his friend Lord Beaverbrook.

Rural Development Board Reconstituted

The Government of Bombay has reconstituted the Provincial Rural Development Board as follows:

Officials:—The Honourable Minister for Forests and Agriculture (Chairman) the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department; the Agricultural Commissioner; the Registrar of Co-operative Societies; the Director of Industries; the Director of Public Health; the Joint Secretary to Government, Reconstruction Department (Secretary).

Non-Officials:—The President, Provincial Co-operative Institute; the Chairman, Provincial Co-operative Bank; the Chairman, Provincial Co-operative Marketing Society: Mr. Jabir A. Ali Chembur; Mr. Kanialal N. Desai, Surat; Mr. Raojibhai M. Patel; Mr. Bhogilal D. Lala, M.L.A., Ahmedabad; Mr. D. R. Gadgil, Poona; Mr. K. M. Jedhe, Poona; Mr. K. V. Joshi, Retired Deputy Director of Rural Development, Poona; Dr. H. V. Patil, Shahada; Mr. B. S. Hiray, M.L.A. (Central) Nasik; Mr. R. M. Nalavade, M.L.A., Ahmednagar; Mr. K. A. Kittur, M.L.A., Hubli; Mr. M. M. Bhatji, M.L.A., Kolaba; Mr. G. S. Sajjan, M.L.A., Bijapur; Mr. R. S. Divakar, Hubli; Mr. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A., Parliamentary Secretary (Joint Secretary.)

PRODUCTIVE EMPLOYMENT FOR I.N.A. PERSONNEL

Jawahar And Sardar Appeal For Funds To Start Small-Scale Industries

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A joint appeal for funds for the relief of I. N. A. personnel has been issued by the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the I. N. A. Relief and Enquiry Committee.

The following is the text of the appeal: "In December last, the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, at its meeting held in Calcutta, constituted a committee known as the I. N. A. Enquiry and Relief Committee for the purpose of gathering information and giving immediate relief, wherever needed, to the I. N. A. personnel and families in distress. In response to the appeal made by this committee, the public gave generous contributions and provincial and other local committees were also formed for this purpose.

"This Central Committee, with its affiliated committees, has been organising relief work ever since that time. Nearly 25,000 men were brought back to India from various parts of East Asia and ultimately released from prison or detention. Our immediate objective was to give to all of them who needed it, some relief to enable them to reach their homes, and to provide them with their immediate requirements. Their families and the families of those who had not returned from East Asia were also in need of urgent help in many cases. This was a huge task as almost all of these I. N. A. men had returned to India after five to seven years of absence in a helpless condition and, in many cases, in broken health.

"The I. N. A. Defence Committee, which has been organised before by the Congress Working Committee, also needed considerable financial resources. This Committee has done its work admirably and its remaining functions have been transferred to the I. N. A. Enquiry and Relief Committee.

"A large number of I. N. A. men have still to be given immediate relief where it is found necessary, but the main problem before the Relief Committee is the rehabilitation of these men and of finding suitable employment for them.

PRODUCTIVE WORK

"It has been the policy of this committee to give relief, as far as possible, through productive work and employment.

"As releases of officers and men have taken place, many of them have helped in the work of organising relief. A conference of senior I. N. A. officers was held in Delhi recently and at that conference an advisory committee was appointed in order to advise and help the Central Relief Committee. A number of these officers have been put in direct charge of relief operations in various parts of the country.

"We have still to carry on this work for a fairly long period, and to bring it to a successful conclusion. Apart from the immediate demands for help, the main problem is the absorption of these men in productive undertakings. In particular, we want to engage them in small-scale industrial and co-operative enterprises. This will be beneficial both to them and to the nation. It will enable them to help themselves, and will also be a form of national service. But this will require considerable sums of money, and there is also the need for helping the dependants of those who are dead or are permanently disabled. Their children have to be educated. For all these purposes, considerable funds are needed and our resources are nearly exhausted.

Committees and individual I. N. A. officers have been placed in charge of various provinces and areas. They are also authorised to collect subscriptions and to send these collections to the Chairman of the I. N. A. Enquiry and Relief Committee at its head office, Congress House, Bombay.

"A list of these committees and officers, so authorised, is given below:

PUNJAB: (less Districts of Gurgaon, Hissar Rohtak, Karnal, Jind, Alwar and Nernaul Tehsil of Patiala State):

Col. Gulzara Singh, Col. I. J. Kiani, Col. Bawa, Col. Dhillon.

MADRAS: Major Gen. Alagappan, Col. Raju, Col. Lakshmi, Major N. G. Swami.

GARHWAL: Col. P. S. Raturi and two members to be selected from Garhwal I. N. A. personnel.

Girgaon, Hissar, Rohtak, Karnal, Jind, Alwar and Nernaul Tehsil of Patiala State:

Col. Ram Swarup and two members to be elected from I. N. A. personnel of these Districts.

One officer to be in charge of each of the following provinces and areas:

N. W. F. P. .... Mr. D. M. Khan.
U. P. (less Bulandshahr Dist) ..... Col. G. R. Nagar.
BIHAR .... Col. Mahboob Ahmed.
ORISSA ... . Major Patnaik.
BENGAL .....Major Gen. A. C. Chatterji.
ASSAM .... Major Gen. Chatterji to appoint a suitable officer from Bengal.
C. P. .... Col Rodrigues.
SIND .... Shri Khub Chand.
RAJPUTANA .. .... Col. Kasliwal.
MYSORE and COORG ..... Major Gen. Loganadan.
HYDERABAD (Deccan) ..... Major Abid Hassan.
KASHMIR (Poonch) ..... Col. Habib-ur-Rahman.

In the Bombay Presidency, Major Gen. Bhonsle who has been placed in charge of the whole province is authorised to collect donations for the purpose.

"We appeal to the public to generously subscribe funds in order to enable the Committee to finish its work."

NO SEPARATE INA VOLUNTEER CORPS

NEW DELHI, July 23. (A.P.I.): Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan in a statement says: There appears to be some misunderstanding in regard to the Congress Volunteer Corps in the various provinces. References have been made to our office in Allahabad about a separate I. N. A. Volunteer Corps having been started in some places. So far as we are concerned there should be only the Congress Volunteer Corps functioning under Provincial Congress Committees and under the general direction of the A. I. C. C. Volunteer Department. I. N. A. officers and men will be welcomed and utilised in these Corps.

LONDON, July 22. (A.P.A.): Marshall Stalin, flanked by members of the Politburo and other Communist officials, witnessed Moscow's Physical Culture Day Parade yesterday from the central box of the Dynamo Stadium Tass reported last night.

Newsprint Famine To Continue For 3 Years?

MONTREAL, July 23. (Reuter): Sir Keith Arthur Murdoch, the Australian Publisher has forecast today that the present news print famine would remain for three years. This, he said, would have a bad effect on Democracy.

Sir Keith, who was Chairman of the Australian delegation to the recent Imperial Press Conference in London met executives of eight Canadian paper mills which supply Australia with the bulk of news print.

"Shortage of newsprint means serious curtailment of power and prestige of the press as a whole", he said.

REPUBLICANS GAIN MAJORITY IN 46 PROVINCES

ISTANBUL, July 23, (Reuter): The Republican People's Party (Turkish Government Party) has gained a majority in 46 out of 63 provinces, according to unofficial reports of the count in Sunday's general elections.

In these provinces the Democrat Party (Principal opposition party) has a majority in only a few constituencies, these reports said.

In the remaining provinces including Ankara, Istanbul and Izmir, the results are incomplete and the final counts are not expected to be known until tomorrow at the earliest. It is estimated that the democrat party will obtain about 65 seats in the new National Assembly out of 465.

ABID ALI ON HUNGER-STRIKE

To Establish Right Of Workers To Form Union

Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai, the well-known Congress and Labour leader commenced a hunger-strike on Monday evening. The hunger-strike is a consequence of the strike in the India United Mills. On the 17th of this month Mr. Abid Ali sent a letter addressed to the Board of Directors of the India United Mills in the course of which he said:

In November 1945 a Union of the salaried staff working in five Textile Mills, Dye Works and Head Office as peons, clerks and technicians was formed and I was elected its President. No trouble of any kind had taken place from the time of the formation of the Union. On the 24th June, 1946 a letter was sent to you requesting to increase the Dearness Allowance but not even a formal acknowledgement was received by us and there has been no reply so far.

All of a sudden on the 30th June, 1946, our Vice-President Mr. S. A. Bhimjee was served with a notice discharging him on the ground of reorganisation.

It will convince no one that out of 18,000 employees only one will be discharged under re-organisation scheme. Evidently the action taken against Mr. Bhimjee was due to his having taken a prominent part in organising the Union.

I suggested that the point in dispute should be referred to arbitration. This also was not accepted. All this was communicated to the members of the Union from time to time. They were very much agitated over the developments and disappointed at the turn the negotiations took. Finding the attitude of the Management irresponsive, they suspended work from the afternoon of the 2nd July.

Following this a large number of notices have been served on the members of the Union informing them that their services are terminated. Several of these persons got the notices on the 15th July, 1946.

For the last 17 days these 800 employees of yours have been standing outside the Head Office and the Mills and have undergone much suffering but you have remained unmoved inspite of their being non-violent and respectful. I need not remind you that they have very faithfully served the mills and have been instrumental in earning the huge profits but the mills who paid lacs and lacs to the Government as tax never thought of giving a fair wage to their employees. Over and above this, you want them to remain without a Union and when they form one and work for it, they are intimidated with dismissals and other forms of victimisation.

The Working Class has undergone great sacrifice to establish its right to form Unions and work for the same. It is evident that the Management of your Mills is not prepared to recognise the Union formed by its staff and are out to smash their efforts in that direction. This cannot go unchallenged. I earnestly request you to change your attitude towards your workers and their Union. They are your loyal employees and you must always be prepared to listen to their legitimate grievances, whether they submit the same individually or through their Union.

WORKERS' DEMAND

The workers had demanded that the notice of discharge served on their Vice-President should be withdrawn. You were not prepared to do this. It provoked the employees concerned and they have legitimately suspended work. But I now feel that the time has come when I should make a personal appeal to you. The action taken by the Management does not only penalize Mr. Bhimjee for taking part in the Union but it is a direct hit on Trade Unionism and it should not be tolerated. I earnestly and sincerely request you to be good enough to withdraw the discharge notice on Mr. Bhimjee and also the ntoices and orders served on all the other employees in connection with this incident. The strike will be called off and everyone of the strikers should be re-instated and for the period of strike they should not be treated as absent from duty.

Mr. Bhimjee and everyone of the strikers, including those who have already rejoined the duty should be paid in full for the strike period and everyone of them should be allowed to resume duty. None should be victimised.

I trust that it will be possible for you to arrive at a favourable decision before the 22nd instant and communicate the same to me before 4 p.m. on Monday the 22nd July, 1946.

QUESTION OF PRINCIPLE

If however, you are not inclined to accede to my request made above, I have decided to call off the strike with effect from the evening of the 22nd July, 46. I shall take up the responsibility upon myself and do my best to get the above demands fulfilled. The question involved is one of principle and cannot be treated so lightly. Everyone who is born is destined to die. I shall consider it an honour if I perish in the vindication of this principle. The sacrifices already made for establishing the right of the workers to form Unions and work for the same have not fully borne fruit. Greater sacrifice seems to be necessary to get the right universally established and I trust that any little effort that I may make will bring our goal nearer to us. Accordingly on and from 5 p.m. of the 22nd July, 1946 I shall give up taking food and shall not eat anything till the above demands are accepted by you.

I am keeping this letter confidential till the evening of the 22nd instant, and I shall not make it public if it succeeds in moving your heart and in fulfilment of our object.

As you all are aware, I am not acquainted with any one in your Board nor do I know any of your officers in the H.O. or in the Mills. Therefore, there is no room for any kind of personal ill will. You have been advised to take the action in your best interests and we have responded to the same in the way we thought necessary for the proper discharge of our duly. My decision is based on principle and there is no room for any compromise on the question of a worker's right to organise his fellow workers in defence of their common fight.

DIRECTORS' REPLY

Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai received the following reply from the Board of Directors, India United Mills:

Sir,—I have received your letter of 17th instant addressed to the Board of Directors which is full of misstatement of facts.

The termination of the services of Mr. Bhimjee is entirely because of internal re-organisation; in fact it had been under consideration for some months. I regret your decision to go on hunger strike. Yours faithfully, Sd/- R. S. KHAITAN.

REMOVES TO CONGRESS HOUSE GUEST ROOM

As the reply of the Directors was unsatisfactory Mr. Abid Ali commenced his hunger strike on Monday evening and from Tuesday morning has been staying in the guest room in a building in the compound of the Congress House. A large number of friends visited him and several of them tried to persuade him to give up the fast. He has been taking only water during his fast

WHY FAST AT CONGRESS HOUSE?

B. P. C. C.'s Advice To Abidali Endorsed By Sardar

Mr. Purshottam Thakar, the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C., in a Press statement, says:—

Mr. Abidali Jafferbhai has issued to the Press a letter which he has addressed to the Board of Directors of the India United Mills Ltd. The points of difference between him and the Board have now culminated into his undertaking 'a fast unto death', unless, as he says, the Board was prepared to grant what he had asked for.

We have no desire to go into the merits of this case since the case is being handled from the beginning by Mr. Abidali and his Union but what the Congress is concerned with just now is the very extraordinary insistance of Mr. Abidali that he must stay at the Congress House during the days of his fast.

The President and other office-bearers of the B.P.C.C. earnestly appealed to Mr. Abidali not to embarrass the Congress by using the Congress premises for a fast with which Congress had nothing to do. Everybody knows that the Congress strongly disapproves the method of a fast for settling labour disputes. Mr. Abidali was requested to seek guidance from Mahatma Gandhi who is the creater of this important weapon of fast. There is bound to be no end of embarrassment and inconvenience to work at the Congress House if Mr. Abidali continued his fast there. Much as he would like to avoid there are bound to be demonstrations at the Congress House very seriously impeding the normal work of the Congress. Mr. Abidali was made aware of the consequences of the step that he had taken but all this was to no avail.

"ACT OF INDISCIPLINE"

Against the desire and express instructions of the office-bearers of the B.P.C.C. he entered the guest room at the Congress House and made that his temporary residence for continuing the fast. For a Congressman of long standing like Mr. Abidali, this is nothing but an act of indiscipline. He has been again and again requested to revise his decision and have his fast at his own place or any other place of his choice. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has also endorsed this request and advised Mr. Abidali not to continue the fast at the Congress House.

17 DEATHS IN ASSAM FLOODS

GAUHATI, July 23, (U.P.I.): Reports from various flood-affected areas in the Assam Valley reveal that the total number of deaths due to flood current till July 21 is 17.

Mr. Jyotirmoy Barua, Officer-in-Charge of flood relief in Khwang Area, Dibrugar, received reports of nine deaths from his jurisdiction while Premier Bardoloi is receiving several death reports from Jorhat.

A Karimganj report says that about 5,000 people were rendered homeless and several dead bodies found floating in the river. The road from Silchar to Karimganj was badly damaged.

Postal Strike May Be Called Off Tomorrow

(Continued from page 1)

mittee's meeting here.

CLEARANCE OF MAILS RESUMED.

The G.P.O., and the other post offices, including the different delivery centres were open to-day, the Central Telegraph Office still had its main doors and windows shut.

The clearance of mails accumulated during the last two days was resumed to-day and according to postal authorities was going on smoothly except at one place, that is the Foreign Post Office where there was a hitch in the availability of labour.

The authorities were endeavouring their utmost to tackle the herculean task of clearing mails that had piled up for nearly 48 hours. The Post-Master-General to-day said that it would take at least three or four more days for the entire lot of accumulated mail to be cleared.

Posting of letters and articles to Bengal and Assam has been stopped in Bombay. An official notification stated: "owing to strikes in post-offices in Bengal and Assam, no postal articles, except those on His Majesty's Service, can be transmitted to addressees in both these provinces. The public are advised not to post letters and articles for delivery in these two provinces".

Today the telegraphs situation is the same as yesterday. Only Government, State and Press telegrams saw the light of day. No public telegrams were received. But, long queues of people waiting for telegrams expected before the strike and not delivered yet, were seen lined up at the delivery window in the background of the C.T.O.

FRESH NOTICE

A fresh notice put up by the Indian Telegraph Association says that the message circulated by a news agency that the Calcutta section of the I.T.A. had gone on strike and some other sections had joined them was incorrect. The notice requested all members of the I.T.A., to stand loyally, abide by the I.T.A.'s decisions and not to be carried away by misleading propaganda.

The only channel of rapid communication between Bombay and the rest of India—the trunk telephone—was to-day jammed due to flaws in the lines. In the morning alone, there were as many as 25 interruptions on the trunk telephone wires, which were not accidental.

"SKILFUL SABOTAGE."

The Presidency Postmaster of Bombay described the interruption as "skilful sabotage". Parties of officers who inspected the lines noticed at various places, fuse-wires attached to the telephone wires, making short-circuits.

Picketing of all post offices including the G.P.O. continued to-day.

A sorter attached to the R.M.S. was assaulted by some strikers yesterday. The police have arrested two persons in this connection.

POST BOX BROKEN OPEN.

At Khetwadi, late last night, a post box near the Sri Venkiteswara Press was broken open by some persons. The police have effected some arrests.

The Bombay Branch of the All-India Telegraph Union at a meeting held this evening at the Jinnah Hall formulated their demands to be placed before the authorities:

The meeting resolved that even if the strike was called off by the Central Board of the All-India Telegraph Union, the members of the Bombay Union agreed to strike again if their demands were not satisfactorily conceded or if any members of the Union was victimised.

POSTMEN'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Mr. S. S. Kavlekar, Secretary, Bombay Presidency Postmen's Union has issued the following appeal:—

The Bombay Students' Union are collecting for the postmen's strike fund in boxes sealed and signed by the Postmen's Union. I appeal to all sections of students to contribute as liberally as they have all enthusiastically helped in all other ways the Postmen's Strike. These collections will be made on July 23rd and July 24th in all colleges and high schools.

Economics & Statistics Bureau

(From Our Special Representative).

POONA, July 23.

The Government of Bombay has decided to create an Economics and Statistics Bureau. This item was included in a Supplementary Demand of Rs. 22,60,600 under a comprehensive head "General Administration" presented by V. L. Mehta, Minister for Finance in the Bombay Assembly to-day.

The whole Head of Expenditure having been approved by the Assembly, the Minister proposes to start the Bureau from October.

Individual departments of Government will continue to correct their own statistics subject to the guidance of the Bureau. The Bureau will co-ordinate these statistics, suggest improvements in the existing methods of collection and offer advice in regard to the collection of new statistics. It will provide the requisite "LIAISON" between the Central Government and the Provincial Government in respect of all statistical matters. It will organise in the provincial sphere any statistical surveys required as part of approved all-India plans.

When fully organised the department will cost Rs. 1,05,714 (exclusive of dearness and war allowances) every year. It will start, however, with a small staff and no more than Rs. 10,710 has been asked for towards its expenditure in 1946-47.

INDIANS PLAY OUT TIME FOR 'RICHLY-DESERVED DRAW'

(Continued from Page 1)

dary off Bedser.

Bowler Amarnath, hobbling to the wicket with a strained thigh and a sore ankle, did not last long. With 84 on board Modi was clean bowled by Bedser for 30 after one-and-half hour's batting. His was a very good innings.

CONVINCING PLAY

He played back very convincingly, and despite the tense situation never looked in difficulty. When young Hafeez took his guard there was still an hour and 20 minutes to play. He and Mankad batted freely and sent up 100 in just under two hours, but at 113 Mankad was unluckily dismissed, the ball popping up, hitting his bat, glancing off his pads, and passing in the hands of Pollard.

Seven wickets were now down and 55 minutes still left to play. Then came two more expensive misses for England. Both catches, however, were very difficult. At 125 Bedser failed to hold to a drive from Hafeez and one run later Sohoni returned a hot catch to Compton which he touched but could not hold.

Fortune however favours the brave. At ten past six, with 20 minutes to go, Hafeez was caught and bowled by Bedser, having held the fort for an hour for his 35. It was a fine, free, enterprising knock; so matured in picking out balls from which to score. For the first time in the match he forced Hammond to put his fieldsmen out. When Sarwate went there were still ten minutes to go, and amid the dramatic tension left the two Indian batsmen played out the time for a richly-deserved draw.

Today's attendance was approximately 23,000 so nearly 70,000 watched the Test, the receipts being around £7,000.

THE SCORE BOARD

ENGLAND (1st Innings)	294
INDIA (1st Innings)	
V. M. Merchant c Bedser b Pollard	78
Mushtaq Ali b Pollard	46
A. Hafeez c and b Pollard	1
V. Mankad b Pollard	0
V. Hazare b Voce	3
R. S. Modi c Ikin b Bedser	2
Pataudi b Pollard	11
L. Amarnath b Bedser	8
S. W. Sohoni c and b Bedser	3
Sarwate c Ikin b Bedser	0
Hindlekar (not out)	1
Extras (10 byes, 5 legbyes, 2 no balls)	17
Total	170

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/124, 2/130, 3/130, 4/141, 5/141, 6/146, 7/160, 8 for 168; 9 for 169; 10 for 170.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Voce	20	3	44	1
Bedser	29	9	41	4
Pollard	27	16	24	5
Wright	2	0	12	0
Compton	4	0	18	0
Ikin	2	0	11	0
Hammond	1	0	3	0

ENGLAND (2nd Innings)

Hutton c Hindlekar b Amarnath	2
Washbrook lbw Mankad	26
Compton (not out)	71
Hammond c Hafeez b Mankad	8
Hardstaff b Amarnath	0
Gibb c Modi b Amarnath	0
Ikin (not out)	29
Extras	17
Total (for five wickets declared)	153

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1 for 7; 2 for 48; 3 for 68; 4 for 68; 5 for 84.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W
Amarnath	30	9	71	3
Hazare	10	3	20	0
Mankad	21	10	46	2

INDIA (2nd Innings)

Merchant c Ikin b Pollard	0
Mushtaq Ali b Pollard	1
Pataudi b Bedser	4
Hazare b Bedser	44
Modi b Bedser	30
Amarnath b Bedser	3
Mankad c Pollard b Bedser	5
Hafeez c and b Bedser	35
Sohoni (not out)	11
Sarwate c Gibb b Bedser	2
Hindlekar (not out)	4
Extras (5 byes 8 leg byes)	13
Total (for nine wickets)	152

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 0, 2 for 3, 3 for 5, 4 for 79, 5 for 84, 6 for 87, 7 for 113, 8 for 132, 9 for 138.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W
Pollard	25	10	63	2
Bedser	25	4	52	7
Voce	6	5	2	0
Wright	2	0	17	0
Compton	3	1	5	0

Commons' Questions

Why Invite British Applications For I.C.S. Vacancies?

LONDON, July 23, (Reuter): How Gurkha community resident in India would secure adequate political representation in the new constitution for India was the question put to Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under Secretary for India by Col. Gomme Duncan (Conservative) in the House of Commons yesterday.

Mr. Henderson replied: All such matters will be for consideration of the Constituent Assembly and the Advisory Committee to be set up as provided in Paragraph 20 of the Cabinet Mission's statement of May 16.

Mr. Reginald Sorensen (Labour) asked what were the political difficulties that had arisen in Sind to which Mr. Henderson replied that he had called for a report and would communicate with Mr. Sorensen on its receipt.

Mr. Sorensen then asked why an advertisement recently appeared inviting British applications for 100 vacancies in the Indian Civil Police.

Mr. Henderson said he was not aware of any such advertisement having appeared recently but if Mr. Sorensen would give him particulars he would look into the matter.

C. R., Rajendra Prasad And Sarojini Elected

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY ELECTION RESULTS

Congress Working Committee To Meet In Wardha On Aug. 8

PATNA, July 23. (A.P.I.): Twenty-eight out of the 31 general seats in the Constituent Assembly from Bihar have been captured by Congress nominees. The other three general seats have been won by independent candidates.

The five Muslim seats were captured by Muslim League candidates.

(CONGRESS 28 seats.)

Mr. Bhagwat Prasad (Scheduled caste), Anugrah Narayan Sinha, Dr. Raghunandan Prasad (Scheduled caste), Jagjivan Ram (Scheduled caste), Phulan Prasad Varma, Nahesh Prasad Sinha, Srangdhar Sinha, Rameshawar Prasad Sinha, Devendra Nath Samanta (Nationalist Adibasi), Mr. Adubans Sahay, Dr. Rajendra Pasad, Aiyo Kumar Ghosh, Mr. Satyanarain Sinha M.L.A. (Central), Kamleshwari Prasad Yadav, Dipnarain Sinha, Ramnarain Sinha, M.L.A. (Central), Guptnath Singh, Jagdish Narain Lal, Sri Krishna Sinha, Boniface La Ra Nationalist Adibasi), Brajeshwar Prasad, Chandrika Ram (Schduled caste), Rai Bahadur Sri Narain Mahtha, Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta (New Delhi), Mr. Banarsi Prasad Jhunjhunwala M.L.A. (Central) Dr. P. K. Sen, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha.

(INDEPENDENT—3 seats).

Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga, Rai Bahadur Shyam Nandan Sahay and Jaipal Singh.

(MUSLIM LEAGUE—5 seats).

Mr. Hussain Imam, Mr. Latifur Rahman, Mr. Tajamul Hussain, Mr. Saiyid Jafar Imam and Muhammad Tahir.

PATNA, July 22. (A.P.I.): Two European members of the Assembly exercised their franchise. Only three Congress and one Muslim League members were absent.

REST CURE FOR RAJEN BABU

PATNA, July 22, (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, member of the Congress Working Committee, left for Pilani, Rajpur State, this morning for a rest cure. He intends to attend the opening session of the Constituent Assembly after spending a month at Pilani.

MADRAS ELECTION

MADRAS, July 23. (A.P.I.): Forty-four out of the 45 general seats in the Constituent Assembly for Madras have been won by Congress nominees. Prominent persons elected include all the eight recommended by the Congress High Command, namely, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, Sir Alladi Krishnaswami, Sir N. Gopalaswami Iyengar, Mr. K. Santanam, Mr. B. Shiva Rao, Mr. U. Srinivasa Mallayya and Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan.

Mr. T. Prakasam, Premier, Mr. N. G. Ranga, Mr. K. Kamaraja Nadar, Mr. Madhava Menon, Dr. P. Subbaroyan, Mr. Ramnath Goenka and Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari are among the others elected.

Dewan Bahadur N. Sivaraj, President of the All-India Scheduled Caste Federation, was the only non-Congress nominee to be returned to the Constituent Assembly from Madras. Mrs. Dakshyani Velayudhan, Harijan member of the Cochin Council, who was a Congress nominee, failed to secure election.

H. V. KAMATH DEFEATED

NAGPUR, July 22. (API): Seth Poonamchand Banks was today re-elected President of Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee defeating Mr. H. V. Kamath, General Secretary, All-India Forward Bloc, by 28 votes to 20.

CONGRESS CABINET TO MEET AT WARDHA

NEW DELHI, July 23. (API): A meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held at Wardha on Thursday, August 8, and on subsequent days. Apart from the members, invitations to attend the meeting are being issued to the following:

Acharya Kripalani, Shri Shankarrao Deo, Shri Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, Shri Pattabhi Seetaramayya, Acharya Narendra Deo and Shri Jagjivan Ram.

It is proposed to have the next meeting of the experts Committee in Bombay about August 13.

Manmad Magistrate Arrested

Mr. D. B. Patki, Resident Magistrate, Manmad, District Nasik, it is alleged, was caught on July 12 by an officer of the Anti-Corruption Branch, Poona, while accepting illegal gratification. He will shortly be prosecuted, says a Press Note.

Stage Set For League Executive & Council Meetings

With the arrival of Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, General Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, tomorrow morning by the Frontier Mail and that of other members of the Working Committee on the following day in the city, the stage for the meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League on Friday, at the residence of Mr. M. A. Jinnah at Malabar Hill will be almost set. Nearly 400 out of 522 members of the League Council, which will meet at 10-30 in the morning both on Saturday and Sunday at Kaiser Bagh, are expected to attend the session and arrive here by Friday evening.

Arrangements for lodging and boarding both for the members of the Working Committee and the Council have been completed by the Provincial League Secretary. Mr. Hasan A. Shaikh who had been entrusted with the job. The councillors will be accommodated at the Hajee Saboo Siddiq Musafir Khana whereas the members of the Working Committee will stay at the Taj, the Majestic and on the Marine Drive.

The session of the League Council will be open to the Press and the visitors. But entry would be by special passes issued by the Provincial League Office.

PALESTINE DEATH ROLL MOUNTS TO 45

(Continued from Page 1)

the last few months—this is the worst" he said, adding that "by this insane act of terrorism, 93 innocent people have been killed or are missing in the ruins".

Mr. Attlee gave the latest casualty figures as 41 dead, 52 missing and 53 injured.

After giving details of "this dastardly outrage" already reported from Jerusalem, Mr. Attlee said that all available information so far was to the effect that the terrorists were Jews.

"GREAT PROGRESS" IN PALESTINE TALKS.

Answering questions Mr. Attlee disclosed that "great progress" was being made in Anglo-American talks on Palestine in London on a permanent solution of the Palestine problem. He was replying to the Communist member, Mr. William Gallacher, who had suggested serious consideration of the necessity of bringing about an independent Palestinian State where Arabs and Jews would have to co-operate together.

Mr. Anthony Eden (Conservative) after associating the Opposition with the Prime Minister's expression of horror "at this dastardly and inexcusable outrage", asked for an assurance that Government intended to take every step in their power here and to provide the local authorities with any sanction they might need to prevent possible recurrence of such incidents.

Mr. Attlee replied that he certainly would, but was awaiting a full report from the High Commissioner and the military authorities on the steps that were required by them.

Several Jewish members of Parliament associated themselves with Mr. Attlee's remarks about bombing.

It was announced that next week's Commons debate on Palestine would probably be on Wednesday and Thursday.

SALES TAX

APPLICATIONS for registration of dealers under the Bombay Sales Tax Act can be presented at the following places on all days from the 22nd to 31st July, between 2 p.m. and 5-30 p.m.:—

A Ward—"Wakefield House," Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.
B Ward—Main Rationing Office near Zakeria Masjid, Masjid Bunder Road.
C Ward—(i) Sub Rationing Office—Princess Street (Lower Chawl)—Located in Keshav Bag Bldg., or
(ii) Compound of 'C' Ward Main Rationing Office.
D Ward—Main Rationing Office—Musaffarabad Hall, Grant Rd.
E Ward—E. West Rationing Office—Sankli Street, Byculla.
F Ward—F. North Rationing Office—Napoo Hall, Matunga.
G Ward—G. North Rationing Office—C. K. P. Hall, Vaidya Road, Off Lady Jamshedji Road.
Kurla—(i) Rationing Office, Sane Villa, Kurla; (ii) Kurla City Municipal premises, Ibrahim Fitwala Road, Kurla (Except on Sundays).
Ghatkopar—(i) Rationing Office, Pral had Bhuvan, Haveli Road, Ghatkopar; and (ii) Ghatkopar Kirol Municipal premises (Except on Sundays)
Bandra—(i) Rationing Office, Hill Road Bandra; and (ii) Bandra Municipal premises (Except on Sundays).
Vile-Parle—(i) Rationing Office, Kirtikar's Bungalow, Andheri; and (ii) Parle Andheri Municipal premises, Gusdar Hill, Andheri (Except on Sundays).

Applications from all dealers in Bombay City and Suburban District will also be accepted at the offices of the Sales Tax Officers, "Wakefield House", Ballard Estate from 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. on all days (Except Sundays).

REMEMBER

The LAST DATE for making applications for registration is 31ST JULY 1946.

THERE'S no secret about glamour and a lovely graceful figure, nor are youthful spirits and vitality beyond your reach.

It's just a question of being internally clean—and what's more simple than taking a couple of Bile Beans at bedtime. This famous vegetable tonic-laxative will ensure daily elimination of food wastes, purify the blood-stream and gently tone up the digestive system.

Turn out feeling fine by taking Bile Beans before "turning in."

Bile Beans are also excellent for constipation, biliousness, sick headaches, liver disorders, digestive troubles and kindred ailments due to climatic conditions.

BILE BEANS

Bring Renewed Health and Vigour

New Stocks have arrived;
Local Agents: Kemp & Co., Bombay.

Another Victory FOOD SHORTAGE to win

People of India have another victory to win—against the food shortage. Your individual fight is not only against 'waste' but you must also produce more food if you can. Your garden or any piece of land, large or small, can easily grow vegetables if you try. Grow food instead of flowers. Food *must* be grown on any land where it will grow.

APPROXIMATE YIELD OF VEGETABLES PER 1000 SQ. FEET

Beans	100 lbs.	Peas	300 lbs.
Radish	200 lbs.	Potato	300 lbs.
Turnip	200 lbs.	Lady's Finger ...	150 lbs.
Tomatoes	200 lbs.	Cabbage	300 lbs.
		Onions	300 lbs.

Many of these and other vegetables can be grown in town gardens, according to the season.

Potato	Brinjals	Luffa
Sweet Potato	Peas	Cucumber
Radish	Turnips	Cabbage
Carrots	Spinach	Cauliflower
Onions	Tomatoes	Beans
		Lady's Finger.

Gourds of all types.

★MAIZE, a quick growing and useful cereal, can be easily grown in town gardens. Plant 'early' maize.

HOW TO PREPARE YOUR SOIL

1. Pull out tall weeds and stubble.
2. Break up the soil and turn it over.
3. Spread manure and fork it in.
4. Dig the soil over once more.
5. Prepare beds of convenient size.
6. Level and reduce the surface soil to fine condition.

AC 54

IN EVERY WAY YOU CAN
Grow more Food
AND DEFEAT THE FOOD CRISIS
ISSUED BY DEPARTMENT OF FOOD GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, NEW DELHI.

FOR THE BEST **SEEDS**
. . . Write to a firm with 60 years' Experience
PESTONJEE P. POCHA & SONS LTD.
8 NAPIER ROAD, - - - - POONA

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Facilities For Investment In New Companies

Sir,—May I invite through your columns the attention of the Government, commercial community and the general public to an important question of the propriety of allowing an opportunity in the participation of capital to the general public of the country in Limited Liability Companies started by large commercial houses for industrial development of the country in various directions, e.g., establishment of Rayon Industry, Airways Companies Steel Companies, Chemical Companies, etc.

Usually in these days whenever a Limited Liability Company is established, its prospectus is published along with the consent of the Examiner of Capital Issues, in the leading newspapers, and the public is invited to subscribe to the capital thus enabling dormant capital lying in the country to be drawn in and utilised in producing channels. The public appraise for themselves the importance and remunerative character of the enterprises both in its short term and long term prospects carefully scrutinise the Board of Directors, character, quality, integrity, industrial experience etc., of the Managing Agents, who are the sponsors of the new venture and extend appropriate support by investment in the share capital, both ordinary and preference. This is a very welcome method of starting new industries, and while it helps the "entre preneur" in collecting capital from various resources scattered all over the country, it also gives opportunity to such capital to get into productive channel and to participate in the industrial development of the country.

Recently however, instances have been nown to have given practically no time and opportunity to the public to subscribe to such issues of capital of Limited Liability Companies, presumably because they have been able to make sure about the availability of the requisite amount of capital from a few capitalists or their friends, and in one or two instances the issue of capital has been closed within a day or two of its opening, while ordinarily at least a fortnight should be allowed. This method is depriving the ordinary investor with a small amount of reserve for investment of the opportunity of contributing his quota towards development of industries. A recent instance I have in mind is that of the Bharat Airways Ltd. floated by Messrs. Birla Bros.

I understand that in the near future Tatas are floating a large size Airways Company with a capital of Rs. 1-1/2 crores. I also understand that the capital of this company has already been subscribed by the Directors and their friends, a portion having been allotted to the staff of the Tata Airways also, and while the prospectus is to be published, the public are to be given practically no opportunity whatsoever to participate in the capital of this new enterprise. Such large enterprises involving huge amounts of money will certainly require the support and sympathy of the State at some time or the other if not indeed, even in the initial stages. Is it then fair to the public to deny them completely this opportunity of participating in the capital of such a company, by purchasing shares. As in the case of the Tata Iron and Steel Company these new companies may, perhaps, have to look to the State now or later, for protection or bounties or other concessions and facilities at the expense of the consumer. In view of this possibility, consumer. In view of this possibility, would it not be better if such farsighted houses like that of Tatas, who have a great name in the industrial would and whose integrity and experience would attract a lot of dormant capital which would be ordinarily shy of investment in new enterprises, geva the maximum opportunity to the general public for participation in the share capital and thus make it easy for the State to render them suitable aid, out of consideration of the fact that the profits and dividends would not be restricted to a few capitalists and others connected closely with the house of Tatas, but would be well spread among the general population of the country? I feel that a great house like Tatas, known for its broad outlook and credited with farsightedness, should take up a more liberal attitude even in the interest of the company itself, and allow the fullest opportunity to small investors in the country for investment both with a view to attract fresh capital from sources which would not easily consider investment in industrial enterprises and to make the whole country industrial minded by such participation in the capital of industrial companies. It will be easily appreciated that all those industries will survive best in which the masses of the people share adequately in the benefits.

An instance is yet fresh in the public memory when only a few months ago Tatas took up all the capital of a Locomotive Company which was given a guarantee of minimum income by the Railway Board, and no opportunity was given to the public to participate therein. It would surely have been considered more fair to let the wider public to subscribe to the share capital of such a company. No less than four distinguished members of the house of Tatas were signatories to the famous Bombay Plan, and it seems hard to believe that such enlightened members, who are interested in this new company, should have declined it proper to restrict the issue of capital in this manner. One associates farsightedness, fairness, liberalness, equity, justice with the house of Tatas, and with all the earnestness at my command I would appeal to the house of Tatas to give this matter their most careful consideration and not to deny to the wide circle of investors in the country this opportunity of participating in the capital structure of such a company and thus contribute their quota to the industrial development of the country.

This is a question of principle which is of considerable importance from the point of view of development of industries in India. I for one strongly feel that all promoters of new industries, particular industrial houses like that of Tatas, should bear in mind the desirability of giving the maximum encouragement to the general investors for participating in such new companies. It would be an additional help if the Examiner of Capital Issues would also stipulate it as one of the conditions while granting permission for issue of capital to new companies, that a certain amount of shares should be definitely reserved for the general public.

"Giri Kunj",
11, Hughes Road,
Bombay.

M. P. GANDHI.

Musical Artistes, Unite!

Sir,—I have no desire of directing the spurt of gutterwater in the direction of (the self-styled) 'Connoisseur of Music' who certainly breaks all records with his 20 years' association with the world of music that has failed, one notices with increasing amazement, to touch or refine his mental crudity and his conception of musical artists.

I am prepared to pick up the arrogant challenge he throws out of wanting musical artists to bend their knee, as he puts it 'a la' Babu Pichelal, to the 'devotees of Laxmi' (Hindu goddess of money). I am sure every self-respecting artist will repudiate the suggestion that the artist must show proper respect to, and accept hegemony of, the makers of easy money and, by implication, fill in the roll of flunkey.

The long and proud history of Hindustani music and the traditional background of typical Indian approach to all art and particularly the 'ustadic' art of music are the answer to this harmonization' of culture and 'money'. Not only in this country but throughout the world, art survived and flourished despite the worst efforts of the men of money to destroy and debase it. It is possible to commercialize and buy, bribe and corrupt art. But the musical artists has proved that he or she could resist the degrading influence much more effectively.

A few days' ago, the American radio announced the news of some 'Czar in the world of music' creating a musical blockade as a protest against some Senatorial bill or something. In Europe and America, art is evolving its defensive strategy to resist the pressure of the vulgarity and exploitation of money. Artists can unite here as well and use their collective effort to safeguard their interests.

The musical artist is not a social parasite or panderer. He or she lives in his or her own right and is entitled to claim and assert the high status of music in the world of culture. There are and should be musical czars in a world where there are commercial exploiters and promotors of music who are interested mainly in making money—or misusing it.

I would therefore appeal, through your columns, to all musicians and those who love and respect music and musicians to organize a musical artists' guild built up and run by the artists themselves. They should formulate and enforce a charter and actively combat all efforts to degrade, exploit and ill-treat musicians. They should go into the question of the cheap 'music circle', tax-evasion devices and lowering of the artists' income. The Government must amend the existing Entertainments Duty Act to ensure that the proceeds of tax free entertainments are diverted into the pockets of the artists.

A LOVER OF MUSIC.
Vile Parle.

Government's Policy About Disposals

Sir,—With the termination of war, Government of India have had to change their activities from the purchase side to the disposals of the vast quantities of stores including raw materials, manufacured articles as well as rejected and scrap items. The policy pursued at present by the Disposals Department is now proving helpful to the consumers of the above stores who feel rather too much embarrassed due to certain unwanted and also unnecessary technicalities observed by the Department. The price control still exists which stands in the way of accepting the tenders which are called for distribution of the materials either below or above the control rates. Naturally the only alternative left for the bidding tenderers is to try to approach the authorities with recommendations, etc., which is not only bound to put the concerned officers in a worried position, but may also lead to their submission to undue influences and favouritism even much against their desire for doing justice to one and all. This may result into the worst type of post-war black-market which the Government is clamouring to suppress with all the resources at their command.

At present it is very difficult to suggest an alternative off-hand, but the one I would suggest is that the Government should carry on the disposal business with the co-operation of public bodies and associations which have a representative character and which are already recognised distribution of materials. This can save a lot of inconvenience to the bonafide consumers and will bring out speedy, just and fair distribution.

R. L. VOHRA.
General Secretary.
Engineering Association of Northern India.

Typhoid In Bombay

Sir,—In a communique published today in newspapers the Health Officer says that typhoid fever has broken out in this city and he ignorantly asks people to be inoculated. In this connection your readers will be interested in the following extract from an article on prevention of typhoid which was published in London "Truth" newspaper on April 5th 1922 from Dr. Hadwen, who said:

"A concrete instance of the uselessness of anti-typhoid inoculation was seen in the experience of Mrs. Clair Stobart detailed her book 'The Flaming Sword'. She took out a hospital unit to Serbia in 1915. Typhoid broke out among her staff and she writes:—This was disappointing enough because every member of the unit, before leaving England, only two months before, had been inoculated against typhoid. At first, therefore, we hoped that we shall only have one or two accidental cases and that he attacks would be slight. One after the other seventeen women members of the unit were laid low and three died."

This meant the high fatality of nearly 19 per cent who, after this, can say that inoculation 'protects'.... ....Whenever laxity in sanitation occurs, it is clear that typhoid fever ignores inoculated...." Observance of sanitary laws is the only true preventive of typhoid fever.

MEMBER OF THE HUMAN FAMILY

Regulation Of Third Class Traffic

Sir,—It is time that some disciplinary and instructive measures are taken by the railway authorities to regulate traffic of third class passengers and avoid the nasty clashes among them, almost at all stations. The people rush at the doors and windows of the third class compartments and throw in luggage mercilessly, and thrust in through the windows without caring for the fate of the inside passengers who are already exhausted with overcrowding, with the result that some inside passengers are badly hurt and children suffocated, and some have to save themselves by throwing themselves out on the wrong side.

Strict measures, therefore, need be taken by Railway authorities to see that passengers do not board in until inside passengers get out safely. This has to be done even at the cost of detention of the trains over-time for a few minutes.

Another nasty feature of the third class passengers is that able bodied persons prostrate in the train and show no sympathy towards the co-passengers, compelling the poor to stand and suffer awfully.

Employment of one good travelling Traffic Supervisor, a really honest and sympathetic worker, will do a great deal in alleviating grievances and affording good relief to the poor third class passengers so necessary in the present restricted and curtailed train movements.

Also painting and exhibiting the following slogans in English and vernacular, in all the third class compartments, will also go a long way to minimise the troubles and help the work of Traffic Supervisor:—

1. Exit first and get in afterwards.
2. Treat every passenger with sympathy and allow him in, when even small space permits.
3. Use all available space for maximum accommodation.
4. Occupy space only enough for sitting.
5. Do not make others stand when you lie.
6. Have pity for and afford accommodation immediately.

KESHAVLAL KALIDAS.

the maestro blends . . .
The maestro blends into a symphony the music of many instruments—the mellow notes of strings and wood-winds harmonising with the deeper resonance of the brasses and the drums.
In conducting the orchestra, accentuating, subduing, blending, the maestro interprets the composer's thought and mood to achieve the perfect symphony.
So, with cigarettes, it is the skill of the blender which produces excellence such as you find in 'Capstan'. For years they have been renowned because they are blended better.
MEDIUM STRENGTH
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Better buy
CAPSTAN
They're blended better
6 annas for 10
Re. 1/14 for 50
Plus local tax where in force.
W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON
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Effective new treatment for
STOMACH DISORDERS
Quick and sure relief, lasting benefit

The underlying cause of most stomach disorders has now been traced to the breakdown of Nature's own protection of the stomach lining, and after prolonged research, a treatment has been evolved which gives quick relief and lasting benefit to sufferers, whether recent or chronic. PLESOX STOMACH TREATMENT is a triumph of Medical science. Without drugs, it spreads—just as Nature does—a protective, soothing film over the stomach and upper duodenum, so that Nature's own healing forces can repair the damaged lining undisturbed. PLESOX helps your stomach to heal itself in Nature's way. It works equally well and safely for children as for adults. While eliminating indigestion, Acidity, Gastritis, and preventing the development of graver troubles, it is also effective in chronic and serious cases. PLESOX has already brought relief and lasting benefit to many thousands. Read this testimony from a grateful client :

"Suffered from Stomach Troubles, life was a burden . . ."

"I have been a sufferer from stomach ulcers for the last 8 years . . . life was a burden for me till one day the chemist told me to give PLESOX a trial . . . I am now able to eat anything and life is worth while . . . No hot water bottle, no pains, it is glorious . . ."

PLESOX NATURE'S PARTNER
STOMACH TREATMENT

Standard Size 20 Tablets
Family Size, 100 Tablets
From all Chemists and Stores
Explanatory leaflet from the Distributors: Cama Norton & Co., Cama Chambers, 23, Medows Street Bombay

Look for the name
SONGSTER
GRAMOPHONE NEEDLES
see band is unbroken

Made by
J. STEAD & Co. Ltd., SHEFFIELD, Eng

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METROPOLE SOUND PRODUCTS
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DEAFNESS
Partial or total—complicated with head noises and other troubles—how long and what causes cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe, sure world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment. Guaranteed cent per cent success. Particulars on request.
KAMALA WORKS (B/4)
Panchpota, Bengal.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Yes, it's the rational thing to do

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SHARP RISE IN ACTIVE SHARES ON STOCK EXCHANGE

New Loan Stimulates Bullish Enthusiasm

BULLION PRICES IMPROVE ON SHORT COVERING

Cotton Declines On Tired Liquidation

BOMBAY, July 23.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled firm today under active buying and short covering and favourites reached new high levels The recent steady rise in quotations is commented by some market observers as a speculative move but the fact remains that the most of the buying is influenced by steady decline in the earning capacity of money as can be seen from the recent loan announcement of 2 1/2 per cent. Moreover the market fears that ultimately the Bank rate may also be lowered at 2 1/2 per cent. Thus there is more desire to hedge funds by buying shares where the dividend prospects are favourable

On the Calcutta Stock Exchange most of the scrips are now quoted on a basis of 2 per cent yield while on the local Stock Exchange there are many shares which now yield from 2 1/2 to 4 per cent. This state is mainly responsible for the upward action of the market accompanied by bullish speculative enthusiasm. It is true that there is increased speculative activity but at the same time investors are not willing to lighten their portfolio as nowhere they are in a position to realise better yield.

The market opened firm and Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 3.415 against last closing at Rs. 3.355. There was moderate buying and Dfds. advanced at Rs. 3,427 but later reacted at Rs. 3.410 under scattered realising. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 612 and hardened at Rs. 614.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2.900 and advanced at Rs. 2,917 and reacted at Rs. 2.902. Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 1,095 and after advancing to Rs. 1,100 steadied at Rs. 1,093. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 520 and steadied at Rs. 522. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 61/12 and advanced at Rs. 62/- but declined at Rs. 60/- under some realising.

Thereafter there was renewed buying and the upward trend was resumed which added to the opening rise. The market feeling was bullish and professional operators were found supporting the market Tata Steel Dfds advanced at Rs. 3435. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 615 Bombay Dyeings firmed up at Rs. 2.940 while Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 1104. Gokaks were placed at Rs 485 and Simplex shares rose to Rs. 538.

Associated Cements were done at Rs. 275 and Bellapurs were quoted at Rs. 352. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 71. Burma shares stood at Rs. 835. The market was strong with a broad business.

As a result of day's working Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 89/- Ordinary Rs. 17/- Bombay Dyeing Rs. 72/8 Kohinoor Rs. 45/- Swadesh Rs. 25/- Nagpur Rs 11/- Simplex Rs. 52/- New Great Rs. 23/- Gokak Rs. 8 - Finlay Rs. 34/- Indore Rs. 43/- and Burma Rs. 37/-.

COTTON MILLS.

Bombay Dyeing 2942/8 Century 1225 Nagpur 549 Swadeshi 946 New Great 650 Simplex 554 Kohinoor 1120 Colaba 450 Gokak 490 Phoenix 1625 Mysore 350 Indian Bleaching 272 Swan 558 Finlay 552 Morarji 1010 Indore 1081/4

STEEL.

Tata Steel Deferred 3242/8 Tata Steel Ordinary 619

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tata Hydro 254 Andhra Valley 2082/8 Tata Power 2190 Tram (Ord) 168

CEMENT.

Asso. Merger 274/8

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 845 Alcock 695 Bellapur 352 Shivrajpur 69 Steamer (Ord) 887/8 Scindia 60/3 Premier Construction 399

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE).

Apollo 7/0/6 Elphinstone 147 India United (Ord) 28/11 India United (Def) 6/11 India Manufacturing 4600 Oscria 422/8 Khatau 540 Dawn 1426 New City 398/12 Minerva 310 Bradbury 822/8 Bharucha Dfd 18 Bharat 96 Madhavji 25/4 Model 360 Laxmi 2125 Vishnu 865 Western 4600 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 35/8 Hindustan 4600 Meyer 377/8 Edward 995 Tata 144 Ahmedabad Advance 560 Sassoon Silk 133 New Indian 35/8 Podar 472/8 Madhusudan 615 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 600 Raja Bahadur 175 Berar 430 Victoria 4.5.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 225 (New) 127/8 Surat (Ord) 267/8 (New) 190 Karachi 240 Broach 14 Ajmer 16 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 248/12 Bombay Suburban (New) 160

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 180/8 Imperial 3275 P. P. 827/8 Central 158 India 295 Union 19/8 Baroda 227/8 Habib 160 ABC 58 Dena Bank 74 United Commercial 132 Jaipur 91 Hindustan Commercial 71 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord X. R 98 70 National Savings (fully paid) 91 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X. R. 93 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 8500 Empire 1380 New India 129 Jupiter 58 Vulcan . 25/8 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 23/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 36 Industrial Prudential 68 Neptune 13/4 New Great 43 All-India General 62/8.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C P. 105 Pachora 95

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 315 Burma Petrol 7/11 Tata Oil 145 Port Canning 117 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 218. 2 Indian Radio (Ord) 376/4 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 148 Wimco 757/8 Tata Chemical 32 Dharmsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/2 Dena Trust 28/8 Alembic 407/8 Supreme India 205 (New) 180 Jamwire 147 Bombay Uganda 86 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 Indian Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 555 United Motor 46 ACC (New) 140 Baroda Glass 10/14

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 372/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 202/8 Tram 76/8 Andhra Valley 1720 Tata Power 1822/8 Hydro 182/8 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 150 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elc. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 152/4 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 150 Walchandnagar Industries 560 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 71 Bengal Steel 64 Indian Copper 7 B. I. C. 18/12 Burma Corporation 8/12 New Victoria Mill 10/12 New Victoria Pref. 11/12 Raja Pref 75 Phaltan 155 Gold Mohur 490 New Kaiser Hind 2750 Sajjan Mill 510 Osmanshahi 472/8 Ajamshahi 477/8 Air Service 37 Birla Motors 12/1 Marshal 16

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 23

As anticipated the Bullion market is firming up under active and extensive professional buying. It was stated that the local market had become oversold without any improvement in the supply situation. Professional operators took full advantage of the situation and have reentered the market and their extensive purchases resulted in sharp recovery.

Forward silver opened to-day at Rs. 164 and after declining at Rs. 163 improved at Rs. 163/14 Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 163/10.

Forward gold opened at Rs 92 and declined at Rs. 91/4 under scattered realising and improved at Rs 91/12. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 93. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 64/8.

Thereafter there was moderate buying and forward silver was quoted at Rs. 164 and gold was very steady at Rs. 92/8.

Later on there was some realising and the market finally closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	162	6	0
Forward Silver	162	10	0
Ready Gold	93	0	0
Forward Gold	92	0	0
Sovereigns	64	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 23.—The future of cotton prices will be decided on Monday the 29th inst. at the meeting of the Controller of Textiles where the Government decision will be announced.

The Government has no choice but to raise both floor and ceiling cotton prices as Indian cotton is selling at unduly low prices.

In the meantime the forward market remains dull and featureless. Operators have no liking for old crop as it does not give them free hand.

The forward market was expected to open today at Rs. 475/8 for September delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 474 and declined at Rs. 473 under tired liquidation.

There was further long liquidation and September declined at Rs. 470/12 The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

I.C.C. July	465	12	0
I.C.C. Sept.	471	12	0

COTTON TENDERS

On Monday 250 Bales were tendered making a total of 25.850 Bales.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, July 23

The Produce market was quietly steady with utter absence of any business in Groundnuts and Castorseeds. In Mansa the Castorseed market is manipulated by speculators and local operators do not take any interest. Thus there remains only linseed wherein offices as well as traders are doing moderate business. Ready linseed and forward July-August and August-September contracts were quoted at Rs. 26/10. The general belief is that linseed will rule steady around present level.

WALL STREET MARKET HEAVY

NEW YORK July 22.

Wall Street opened irregular and quiet. Selected industrials, minings, oils and chemicals displayed advancing tendencies during the morning but numerous issues including foods, rails and we.stocks, suffered more from lack of bids than any real pressure. Price changes of more than one point were rare with gains and losses evenly divided in restricted trading. Many operators were sidelining pending clarification of price, production and profit prospects. Selective issues grimly clung on to the better part of earlier gains during the afternoon but the main body turned fractions to two points lower under the leadership of pivotal rails, motors and coppers. Support turned most indifferent. All the three averages finished slightly lower in one of the dulles. sessions for some time. Actual and expected dividends and earnings were the principal props for favourites. Standard oil Indiana railed three quarters point to 46-1/2 after the dividend announcement and this attracted support for various other groups members. Numerous steels somewhat improved on a small increases in the operating rate. Rails were mostly soft with reports of the inequitable manner of applying the freight rate increases resulting in continuing serious losses to North Atlantic port. Railroads, shippers and port service organisations in that area. The current price wage problem is highlighted by the report that the Congress of industrial organisations is urging short-term wage contracts only until price trend is established The market closed heavy.

American Telephone and Telegraph 197-5/8. Amerex Corporation 38; Anaconda Copper Mining 46-1/8; Chase National Bank 43-3/8; Sinclair Oil 18-1/2; Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. 72; General Electric Co., 46-1/4; General Motors 68; Ingersol Rand 142-1/2; International Nickel 37-1/4; National City Bank of New York 46-3/4; New York Central Rail Road Co., 23-5/8; Socony Vacuum Corporation 14-3/4; Texas Corporation 64-1/4; Union Carbon and Carbide 109-1/2; U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co., 62-3/4; U.S. Steel Corporation (common) 90 3/8; Western Union Telegraph 35-3/4.

RECORD MAIZE CROP IN U. S. A.

WASHINGTON, July 23, (APA): The Agriculture Department in a special report yesterday forecast the largest corn (maize) crop in history.

It is estimated at 3,487,976,000 bushels, an increase of more than 140,000,000 bushels above the forecast of a fortnight ago.

The Department forecast a 1,132,075,000 bushel wheat crop, an increase of about 40,000,000 bushels above the prospects of a fortnight ago.

The previous corn crop was of 4,228,000,000 in the year 1944. The wheat forecast compared with the 1945 record of 1,123,143,000 bushels.

The improved harvest prospects reflected both unusually large plantings and good weather during the past fortnight in crop-growing areas. Completion of the harvest is still weeks and months away depending on the latitude, although much of the wheat crop and some of the maize are now reaching the market.

In addition to possible weather damage to standing crops, a shortage of railway trucks for movement to the grain markets and a shortage of storage space caused some farmers to store the grain in piles in the open, leaving it subject to deterioration should heavy rains occur in the normally dry wheat country.

A Government spokesman said that if the forecasts were realised some restrictions on the use of grain would possibly be relaxed.

The official estimated that the wheat crop forecast was roughly 135,000,000 bushels above the requirements of the Government's domestic and foreign needs.

NEW YORK COTTON ACTIVE AND ERRATIC

NEW YORK, July 22, (UPA): Erratic prices and active trading featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange.

The active buying was credited to rubber tyre manufacturers and the speculative replacement demand on the drop of 7.50 dollars a bale from Friday's highs put prices late in the session on the upward trend. The pressure lifted after the rise to 35 cents

The early weakness was due to the week-end accumulation, and general liquidation and stop-loss selling.

The Senate-House Conferees agreement on the new price control bill, the easiness of grains and butter, and some other farm commodities plus the improving crop prospects were upsetting

While no ceiling threat was seen for raw cotton in the compromise bill which both houses of Congress take up tomorrow, recent buyers rushed to sell because it was their impression that the control programme would be abandoned altogether.

Akron tire interests were accredited buyers for upward of 30,000 bales on the subsequent rally.

CHICAGO GRAINS IRREGULAR

CHICAGO, July 22, (UPA): Irregular prices featured today's trading session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange. Corn moved lower while oats moved higher.

WORTH STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, July 22, (UPA): On the Worth Street Cotton cloth market today, there was a shortage of offerings as the industry attempted to appraise the effect of the new price control proposals Meanwhile, traders watched the rapid gyrations of the cotton market. If the price bill is enacted, producers saw a prolonged new period of uncertainty.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1745 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

243 INDIANS JAILED IN S. AFRICA SO FAR

Natal Congress Secretary's Cable To Nehru

ALLAHABAD, July 22, (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has received the following cablegram from the Secretary of the Natal Indian Congress, dated Durban July 18.

"Last night the resistance camp presented scenes of the tremendous enthusiasm when seven Transvaal lady volunteers led by 21-year-old medical student Miss Zainub Asvat and Mrs Suryakala Patel teacher from Johannesburg, kept the camp alive by singing national songs. A large crowd of Indian spectators repeated the songs in chorus.

Hooligans and Police, stupefied, looked on the latter not daring to attack. Finally the resisters were arrested and taken in Police vans amid shouts of "Long Live Resisters" and "Jai Hind." Miss Zainub Asvat has been convicted to and previously sentenced to fine £ 5 or three months hard labour and the rest were fined £2 or thirty days.

The satyagahis' reply to the sentence was: "Long Live Resistance and "Jai Hind."

Rev. Michael Scott, Anglican Clergyman, who has already indentified himself with the Resistance Movement here and Maulvi Salooee of Johannesburg are occupying the resistance camp in company with other resisters.

The total number in gaol is 243.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 12th July:—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities in India	725,24,84,000
Time Liabilities in India	311,46,80,000
Cash in India:	
Currency Notes of the Government of India	37,15,35,000
Rupee Coin	2,96,22,000
Subsidiary Coin	53,46,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	103,98,50,000
Advances in India	363,19,14,000
Bills discounted in India	19,03,19,000

LONDON BULLION.

London, July 22.

Silver Spot & Forward 44 d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 22.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.02 buyers 4.03 Zurich sellers 17.34, buyers 17.36, Stockholm sellers 14.47, buyers 14.50.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 22.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new) unquoted, Australian Wheat (bulk) 71 July quoted, Australian Wheat (bags) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 22.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	75-3/4
Consols 2_1/2 p c	96-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	112
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	106-11/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	117-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	119-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12 7/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Rep.)	90
National Bank of India	40

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, July 22.

United States price of Foreign Silver 90-1/8 cents.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK July 22.

October	35.77—03
October Higher	35.87 +01
October Lowest	35.10—70
December	35.81 +01
January	35.80—07
March	35.52—38
May	35.22—28
July	34.55—30
October	32.94—
Middling Spot	36.47—

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK July 22.

October	35.66—09
December	35.80—
March	35.50—24
May	35.23—31
July	34.63—
Middling Spot	35.65—

NEW YORK COTTON

NOON CALL

NEW YORK July 22.

October	35.76
December	35.85
March	35.66

Monopoly In Atomic Energy

Moscow Charge Against American Trusts

MOSCOW, July 22. (A.P.A.): Asserting that monopoly trusts were "the owners of atomic energy," the 'New Times' claimed that Du Pont representation in atomic research was "one of the most important guarantees of a secret agreement" securing for that "chemical trust" a monopoly in atom bomb production.

"International radium and uranium concerns are the actual processors of all deposits of uranium ore in the capitalistic countries," the paper said, adding they control the production of atomic bombs from their very source.

The 'New Times' claimed that the Du Pont organisation in the United States directly or indirectly controlled a great part of the American war industry and was "inseparably connected with the most important international cartels."

The American-proposed International Atomic Authority would be dependent on American trusts, the paper asserted, and "would serve as their weapon in international politics in guarding their monopoly interests."

STOP TRIALS OF AZAD HIND GOVT. MEMBERS

Sarat Bose Says They Will Rake Up Bitter Memories

RANGOON July 23 (APA). Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, member of the Congress Working Committee, declared yesterday that cases against former members of the Azad Hind Government should be dropped as, otherwise they would "rake up bitter memories."

He added that the "alleged offences for which these Indians are being prosecuted are not concerned with the Burmese and the authorities should look at it from that viewpoint."

Mr Bose is here in an advisory capacity in the case instituted by the Government of Burma against Manilal Doshi, former officer of the Azad Hind Government and member of the Netaji Fund Committee. The case against the accused is now in progress before a Special Judge in Rangoon.

Mr. Bose paid glowing tributes to South Indians whose sacrifices in the Indian National Army's cause, he said "would never be forgotten."

Addressing a meeting yesterday evening, Mr Bose said he would personally agitate for repatriation of all I.N.A. personnel stranded, who were without work, without money without accommodation and unable to get passes to India."

Of the one-time total of 5,000 I.N.A. personnel in Burma 3,000 still remain—300 in Rangoon and the rest scattered throughout the country

Mr. Bose declined to comment on other Indians presently in Burma saying is was for "these Indians to contribute towards the rehabilitation of Burma and it is up to the Burmese leaders to look after them."

The main problem, he continued, was the problem of freedom which was the "first concern of both India and Burma". He added, "When that problem is solved all local problems would automatically solve themselves."

To Burmese leaders attending the meeting, he said: "You must not waver in your fight for freedom."

Mr. Bose is scheduled to leave Rangoon for Calcutta on July 27.

Students Control Govt. Of Bolivia

LA PAZ, BOLIVIA, July 23 (APA). —Students and working class insurgents were controlling the Government of Bolivia after four days of battle reported to have cost 2,000 casualties in dead and wounded.

In the fighting which ended on Sunday, President Gualberto Villarroel was hanged from a lamppost. His corpse was carried naked through the streets of the capital on the turrets of a tank. Many of President Villarroel's closest collaborators died with him.

Mestor Guillen, Dean of the Bolivian Superior Court, became President. However, he said he will relinquish the office when Tomas Monje, President of the Court, is well enough to take his place.

Senor Guillen termed the regime a Provisional Government to call elections and then turn over power to a Government chosen by the people

Reports from the insurgent sources said that the partially burnt bodies of political prisoners held by the Villarroel regime had been found in ammunition boxes at Police Headquarters in La Paz.

The insurgents pointed to this as evidence of the previous severity of previous measures designed to repress revolution in Bolivia.

MILLIONAIRE SMUGGLERS SENTENCED

CUTTACK, July 22 (UPI).

Messrs. Niranjan Agarwala and Iswardas Agarwala, two millionaires of Calcutta were sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment by the first class Magistrate, Cuttack on a charge of smuggling cloth outside the Orissa Province. It is stated that the two merchants were approached by Textile supervisor while travelling in first class compartment in the Puri Express when the accused were found to have tied new clothes worth Rs. 400/- round their thighs in an ingenious device to evade enforcement staff. The cloth was confiscated to the Government.

DISPOSALS

CINEMATOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the following Cinematographic equipment located at various centres all over India.

A. MOBILE KINEMA SECTIONS.

12 Kinema sections, each comprising 2 dual 35 mm. and 8 dual 16 mm. mobile cinema units.

B. PROJECTORS, GENERATING SETS ETC. (STATIC).

(1) 220 x 35 mm. projectors.
(2) 50 x 16 mm projectors.
(3) 60 x 3 kva. 'HOBART' generating sets
(4) Auxiliary electrical equipment

C. A PROPORTION OF THE AVAILABLE SPARES AT PRESENT HELD IN THE C.K.S. CENTRAL DEPOT.

This is Tender No. DCD/SR-50211/EG12, due by 4 P.M. on 18th August, 1946. Tenders should be addressed to the Directorate-General of Disposals (M.M. & H. Directorate), New Delhi, and remain open for acceptance till 18th September, 1946. 15 per cent of the value offered should be deposited as earnest money in Imperial Reserve Bank/Government Treasury.

NOTE: The successful tenderer will be under obligation to enter into a contract with Government, of India, War Department for the provision of cinema entertainment in India for Troops stationed in Camps remote from the existing cinemas.

Tender forms showing details of the abovementioned equipment, with other particulars can be had on payment of Rs. 25 per set from the Director-General of Disposals (M. M. & H. Directorate), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, or Regional Commissioners Disposals, Calcutta, Bombay, Lahore, Cawnpore, Madras and Karachi.

BOILERS, TUBES.

(Tender No. DCD/CPM-2/15/SR-50067)

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the entire quantity or portion of the following stores:—

BOILERS, TUBES PLAIN & STAY TUBES of sizes ranging between 2 1/2" to 3 1/2" diameter, 5234 Numbers located at Bombay.

Tenders due by 4 P.M. on 12th August, 1946, should be addressed to Directorate-General of Disposals, C.P.M. Directorate, New Delhi, and should remain open for acceptance till 12th September, 1946. 10 per cent of value offered should be deposited as earnest money.

Tender Forms are obtainable along with permit to view stores on payment of Rs. 5 per set.

Full particulars can be had from the office of:

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS,
(Southern Circle)
Mercantile Chambers,
Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay
Tel No. 30041—5 lines.

D3-69

When Nature Is Lax, Try

LAXIL

A PLEASANTLY FLAVOURED SIMPLE LAXATIVE TABLET IN CHOCOLATE BASE

BENGAL CHEMICAL CALCUTTA : BOMBAY

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.
Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Bombay, 4.

SORE THROAT?

Listerine Antiseptic reaches way back on throat . . . kills surface germs by millions.

Don't play around with the sore throat that so often accompanies a cold! The time to strike at any germ infection is at its very outset. So go after throat surface germs before they go after you. Gargle full-strength Listerine Antiseptic right away!

In actual tests over a 12-year period *those who gargled Listerine Antiseptic twice a day had fewer colds, and usually had milder colds, and fewer sore throats, than those who did not gargle Listerine Antiseptic.*

LISTERINE · *Quick!* FOR COLDS

Ad No. 8915 R2

THE CAMPBELL TILE CO. LTD.
STOKE-ON-TRENT, ENGLAND

Manufacturers of

WALL, FLOOR & FIREPLACE TILES

are pleased to announce that they have appointed as

Sole Representatives

caprihans (INDIA) LTD.

RUSTOM BUILDING, 20 CHURCHGATE STREET, BOMBAY

to whom application for appointment as Stockists should be made.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Then Court Was Adjourned For Conciliation

By BUD FISHER

FIVE DAYS NOW I'VE BEEN TRYIN' TO FIND OUT THE NAME OF THAT BEAUTIFUL GIRL WHO LIVES ON THAT CORNER!
I ASKED EVERYBODY- NOBODY KNOWS!
MAYBE YOU CAN TELL ME HER NAME!
SIR!
OFFICER, THIS MAN WAS TRYING TO FLIRT WITH ME!
I ONLY WANTED TO KNOW THE NAME-
OH, A MASHER, HEY!
HE'S A MASHER, YOUR HONOR!
I WAS JUST TRYIN' TO FIND OUT THAT GIRL'S NAME WHO LIVES UP ON THE CORNER!
GUILTY! I DON'T TOLERATE MASHERS! YOU'LL SERVE TIME FOR THIS!
NOW, IS THERE ANYTHING YOU WISH TO SAY BEFORE I SENTENCE YOU?
YES, YOUR HONOR!
WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE GIRL WHO LIVES IN THE HOUSE ON THE CORNER?
N.C.
YOU'VE BEEN OUT WITH HER!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Educated youth permanently employed invites matrimonial correspondence. Write: Dr. Bhavalker 773, Sadashiv, Poona. (2866A)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted part time Drawing Teacher. See Principal, New Education School, Chaupatty. (2896)

Wanted capable experienced Salesman to distribute popular Mysore Agarbatties, etc., on Rs. 100/- plus allowance. Only experienced who can give security need apply with full particulars. Box No. 2894. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a General Manager, having experience of Banking business of all kinds in a first class Bank in India of over 5 years, for Gauhati Bank, Ltd., H.O. Gauhati. Starting pay Rs. 750/- and other allowances, according to qualifications. Apply to Managing Director within 31st July, '46 with copies of certificates and other references. (2895)

Wanted Supervisors and Inspectors for welding and metal filling, body assembling, painting, trimming and Engine Assembling sections of a big Automobile factory. Only those having good experience in the particular lines should apply with copies of testimonials and stating age, educational qualifications, experience and minimum salary wanted to Box No. 9023, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Locomotive Boiler Maker—Maistry or Chargeman for Matheran Railway. Retired persons preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Manager, Neral. (9024)

Wanted experienced practical Accountant for a Sugar Factory Office in the Deccan, conversant with financial accounts, cost allocations, etc. Good prospects, permanent position, for the right type of man. Free quarters provided. Please apply with details of experience and minimum expectations to Box No. 2869, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Accountant to take charge of accounts of a big Company. Must be knowing secretarial work under Companies Act. Salary according to qualification. Apply in own handwriting giving references, credentials and quoting salary required. Also wanted an experienced and efficient Stenographer, male or female. Apply Littlewoods Football Pool, C/o Mr. R. M. D. Chamarbaugvala, Sole Concessionaire, Parel House, Hospital Avenue, Parel, Bombay. (9025)

Wanted a Lady to work as a General Clerk in our Office. Good knowledge of English necessary. Apply stating salary required. Box No. 2869, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Engineer or Foreman for a Factory making Steel Shelving, Cupboards and Tubular Furniture near Bombay. State experience and wages expected. Apply Box No. 8889, "Bombay Chronicle."

A leading Manufacturing Concern in Cosmetics, requires (a) Qualified and experienced Accountant with knowledge of Costing, (b) Experienced Sales Manager, and (c) Intelligent and able Salesmen. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating experience and salary expected to Box No. 2861, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Lady Teachers for Rajabahdur Sir Bansilal Girls' High School, Hyderabad-Deccan. Trained Candidates will be given preference. Graduates need apply to the Secretary before the end of July '46 with testimonials, stating group subjects. (8950)

Wanted a Principal for the well endowed Udai Pratap (Intermediate) College and Hewett Kshattriya (High) School, Benares, under the management of a Committee presided over by the Commissioner, Benares Division. Minimum qualifications a graduate of a British University or an M.A. of an Indian University, having at least five years teaching experience in a college. One having administrative experience, high scholastic attainments and outstanding sports and extra curricullar record will be preferred. Salary—(with benefit of provident fund and a free electric-fitted spacious bungalow, and at present also dearness allowance of Rs. 50/- p.m.) Rs. 500-25-750, and a higher start in the grade according to qualifications. Apply giving full particulars and minimum salary acceptable, with attested copies of testimonials, within six weeks to Raja Krishna Pal Singh, Honorary Secretary, Kurri Sudauli House Clyde Road, Lucknow. 8909

SITUATION WANTED

Undergraduate Strong in English, Maths., Sanskrit, wants tuitions or part-time service. Write to Box No. 2883, "Bombay Chronicle."

Sindhi Tutor capable of teaching Sindhi, Hindi and English seeks Tutor's job. Apply Box No. 2897, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

"Concord" weekly specially started for communal harmony. For free copy write, Manager, 12, Waterloo Street, Calcutta, or Bombay Representative Warden Road, Bombay 26. (2688)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

1934 Willys 15 H.P., Good Condition Rs. 2,700/- or offer. Khushalshet Banatwala, 100A, Walkeshwar, Malabar Hill. (2892)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

VALUABLE BUILDING SITES in the proposed KALASIPALYAM LAYOUT, advantageously situated, especially for business people, RIGHT IN THE HEART OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE, are proposed to be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, about the END OF AUGUST, 1946.

Please watch for the date and particulars. PLANS OF THE AREA SHOWING THE DETAILS OF THE SITES, ARE AVAILABLE FOR SALE IN THE ENGINEER'S OFFICE, AT Re. 1 each COPY.

R. MADHAVAN,
Executive Engineer,
Bangalore City Municipality,
Bangalore City.
9022

NOTICE

WANTED a registered Medical Graduate for the post of Lecturer in Jurisprudence, Toxicology & etc. at the R. A. Podar Medical College (Ayurvedic), Worli, Bombay, on pay Rs. 75/- p.m. plus dearness allowance admissible according to the orders of Government from time to time.

Knowledge of Hindi is essential. Preference will be given, other things being equal, to candidates who have rendered approved war service and possess Ayurvedic and Sanskrit knowledge For further particulars and application form, apply to the Principal of the College with self-addressed stamped envelope. Last date for receiving applications is 14th AUGUST, 1946. Canvassing in any form will disqualify a candidate from appointment. (8995)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Reconditioning of Dross from Bronze Scrap. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane. Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 9-8-1946 at 3 p. m. (S. T.). (8940)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Special New Session Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (2884)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses. American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. (2369A)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Merchants for our famous Buttons throughout India and abroad. Eastern Small Industries, Dacca. (2699)

Wanted Agents to sell shares of a well established Engineering Company on lucrative terms. Apply:—H. P. Bose & Bros. 25, Swallow Lane Calcutta. 8415

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. Please apply for terms, conditions and samples to the Diamond Button Mfg. Co., 40|41, Tantibazar, Dacca (Bengal). (2735)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

One Storeyed House, facing Sea Shore at Danda, near Khar for Sale for about Rupees Ten Thousand only. Apply Post Box No. 936, Bombay. (2853)

Offers are invited for the plot. measuring over 6,000 square yards (whole or in parts) situated in Saraswat Co-operative Housing Society, T P S II Plot No. 82, Santa Cruz, adjoining wireless station. Apply Box No. 2809, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

(1) 3 Duquenne water Tube Boilers of 2600 sft. Heating surface each. (2) 2 Quadruple Evaporators, each 7000 sft. H. S. complete with pumps. (3) 2 Vacuum Pans with traps and condensors 17.7 tons capacity each. One calendria and one coil pan. (4) One 'Hiordan' charcoal gas producer type 30, complete with Blower rarely used in good working order. (5) One—Charcoal suction Gas plant manufactured by "Kirloskers." (8973)

Foundries—Moulding Machines for mass production moulds in ferrous and non-ferrous foundries are offered from incoming consignment, subject to prior sale. Apply Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. Telegram "Westerwork." (2898)

Two Lancashire Boilers—30' x 7' x 160 Lbs. and 24' x 6' x 140 Lbs. Apply Box No. 2890, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

You will be disappointed to see our repairs bill. It is so reasonable. Send your Radio today for overhauling. Tropex Radio Agency, near Charni Road Station, Bombay. (2891)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Perfumes & Cosmetics from France. Dealers interested in the import of High Class French Perfumes and Cosmetics, with or without import licence, should write to: R. B. Shewaram Dewanmal & Co., 1, Britto Road, Karachi. 5. (9003)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

As the public is unacquainted with the actual rates of pay and allowances drawn by the postmen and Lower grade Staff (Such as porters and letter box peons) the following tabulated statement is published below for general information. These figures represent the emoluments drawn in a few typical areas by Postmen and the Lower grades of employees in the Posts and Telegraphs Department.

POSTMEN.

	"A" Biggest cities		"B" Middling cities			"C" Small places.	
	Calcutta	Bombay	Madras	Delhi	Poona	Madura	Small Towns
Pay	24/-	24/-	22/-	22/-	22/-	18/-	18/-
D. A.	20/-	20/-	16/-	16/-	16/-	14/-	14/-
G. C. P.	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-
H. R. A.	5/-	7/-	3/-	5/-	3/-	2/-	—
Grain Concession	1/11/-	4/5/-	—	2/8/-	—	—	—
Compensatory allowance.	—	5/-	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	62/11/-	72/5/-	53/-	57/8/-	53/-	46/-	44/-

Note;—Government have accepted *in toto* the Award of the Adjudicator and if the Unions concerned will do the same, the staff would benefit to the extent shown below;—

ADDITIONAL BENEFITS.							
Pay	4/13/-	4/13/-	4/6/-	4/6/-	4/6/-	3/10/-	3/10/-
D. A.	—	—	—	—	—	2/-	2/-
Grain Concessions	—	—	3/12/-	—	3/12/-	3/12/-	3/12/-
Total	4/13/-	4/13/-	8/2/-	4/6/-	8/2/-	9/6/-	9/6/-
GRAND TOTAL	67/8/-	77/2/-	61/2/-	61/14/-	61/2/-	55/6/-	53/6/-

INFERIOR SERVANTS (PORTERS, LETTER BOX PEONS.)

	Calcutta	Bombay	Madras	Delhi	Poona	Madura	Small Towns
Pay	16/-	16/-	15/-	15/-	15/-	14/-	14/-
D. A.	20/-	20/-	16/-	16/-	16/-	14/-	14/-
G. C. P.	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-	12/-
H. R. A.	5/-	7/-	3/-	3/-	3/-	2/-	—
Grain Concession	1/11-	4/5/-	—	2/8	—	—	—
Compensatory allowance	—	4/-	—	—	—	—	—
Total Rs.	54/11	63/5	46/-	48/8/-	46/-	42/-	40/-

Note;—Government have accepted *in toto* the award of the Adjudicator and if the Unions concerned will do the same the staff would benefit to the extent shown below;—

ADDITIONAL BENEFITS.							
Pay	4/-	4/-	3/12/-	3/12/-	3/12/-	3/8/-	3/8/-
D. A.	—	—	—	—	—	2/-	2/-
Grain Concession	—	—	3/12/-	—	3/12/-	3/12/-	3/12/-
TOTAL	4/-	4/-	7/8/-	3/12/-	7/8/-	9/4/-	9/4/-
Grand Total	58/11/-	67/5/-	53/8/-	52/4/-	53/8/-	51/4/-	49/4/-

D. A. means Dearness allowance — G.C.P. means Good Conduct Pay — H.R.A. means House rent allowance. (9000)

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

Civil Supplies Department,
Bombay Castle, 15th July, 1946.

ORDER.

No. 48/IV-A:—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of Government Order in the late Finance Department (Supply), No. 48/IV, dated the 27th September, 1943, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person shall remove groundnuts (in shell) or groundnut seeds by rail, road, or sea from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay excluding the area comprising the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District to any place in India outside the said limits, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the District Magistrate concerned.

Provided that no such licence shall be necessary for the carrying of any of the said articles not exceeding 10 lbs. in weight as part of his personal luggage by a bona fide traveller.

EXPLANATION:—For the purposes of this Order the Bombay Suburban District shall include the 47 villages of the Thana taluka of the Thana district specified in Schedule "A" to Government Notification in the Revenue Department, No. 9823/33-III, dated the 24th September, 1945.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above order should be given by—(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) issue of a Press Note explaining its provisions; (c) publication of the same in the following newspapers namely:—(1) The Times of India, Bombay; (2) Bombay Chronicle, Bombay; (3) Free Press Journal, Bombay; (4) Morning Standard, Bombay; (5) Navakal, Bombay; (6) Vividha Vritta, Bombay; (7) Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay; (8) Bombay Samachar, Bombay; (9) Mumbai Vartaman, Bombay; (10) Samyukta Karnatak, Hubli; (11) Dnyan Prakash, Poona; (12) Kesari, Poona; (13) Navashakti, Bombay; (14) Roznam-e-Khilafat, Bombay; (15) Inquilab, Bombay; (16) Vishwamitra, Bombay; (d) affixing copies thereof to the notice boards in the revenue offices in the district of the Province of Bombay excluding the area comprising the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, and announcing by beat of drum in the villages of the said districts that copies of the Order have been so affixed; and (e) supplying copies of the same in the following associations namely:—(1) The Bombay Groundnut Crushing Industry, Bombay; (2) The Indian Merchant's Chamber, Bombay; (3) The Seeds Traders' Association, Ltd., Bombay; (4) The Grain Merchants' Association, Bombay.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to Government.
9014

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
LAND AND BUNDERS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS are to be leased and will be put up to Auction in the Office of the undersigned at Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, at 3 P.M. on the dates mentioned below:—

Estate.	Plot No. or Description.	Approx. Area in sq. yards.	User.	Period of Lease.	Date of Auction.
				Years.	
Mazagaon Reclamation.	Plot at Boat Hard Road.	4471.	Offices and Workshops for the construction, Maintenance and repair of country craft and other vessels.	10	8-8-46
Mazagaon-Sewri Reclamation.	Three plots at Fosberry Road.	No. 1. 2800 2. 4340 3. 4174	Factories, workshops and godowns with appurtenant offices.	30	15-8-46

2. Copies of full particulars and conditions of auction are obtainable from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rupee one only (per estate).

3. The site plans and draft agreements to lease with forms of lease annexed may be seen at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturdays.

E. M. BHACKA,
B.E., A.M.I.E.,
Ag. Manager,
Land and Bunders.
Bombay, 18th July, 1946. (9013)

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU that pursuant to the Special Resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, held on 2nd July, 1946, sub-dividing the Share Capital of the Company into Shares of Rs. 100/- each, new Share Certificates are being prepared and exchanged as and when ready. Due intimation will be given to every Shareholder when the Share Certificates are ready for exchange against the old Share Certificates.

For The New Kaiser-I-Hind
Spg. & Wvg., Co., Ltd.,
A. R. SAVKUR,
For Secretary.
Bombay, 22nd July, 1946. (9017)

WANTED

A TEMPORARY SUPERVISOR for the Eri Seed Supply Centre, Ranchi on Rs. 125/- p.m. plus usual cost of living allowance.

Candidate must hold certificate in sericulture from recognised Institution with practical experience in Eri & Mulberry, Silk worm rearing, spinning and reeling and pasteur method of disease free seed selection.

Application stating qualifications, details of practical experience, age and home districts and also enclosing attested copies of testimonials should be made on or before the 7th August, 1946, to the undersigned.

Candidates may be called for an interview at their own cost.

(Sd.) L. P. SINGH,
Director of Industries, Bihar. (9018)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PRABHULAL LAXMAN DALAYA, GHANSHAM LAXMAN DALAYA and KISHANLAL LAXMAN DALAYA, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

Any person having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL THAT piece or parcel of leasehold land, together with building standing thereon, situate on and being Plot No. 708 of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipality in the City and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 580 Square Yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 1183 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 834/10 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 6498, Street No. 9.

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1946
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
9015

CIGARETTE AGENCY

Wanted Agents for sale of our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city & town.

Write for samples, agency terms and appointment letters.
ORIENTAL TOBACCO CO.,
(K. P.) CAWNPORE.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts for the office of the Special Officer (Electric Grid), Bombay,

(1) Senior Draftsman (Electrical & Mechanical), Scale of pay: Rs. 165-8-245.
(2) Assistant Draftsman (Electrical & Mechanical), Scale of pay: Rs. 125-5-2-190.
(3) Draftsmen (Civil):
Scale of pay:
(a) Rs. 110-10-180, plus Compensatory Local allowance for graduates in Civil Engineering.
(b) Rs. 90-5-2-140, plus Compensatory Local allowance for others.
(4) Assistant Draftsmen (Civil),
Scale of pay:
(a) Rs. 70-5-110 plus Compensatory Local allowance for persons possessing Diploma in Civil Engineering from recognised Institutes.
(b) Rs. 50-5-2-90, plus Compensatory Local allowance for others.
(5) Tracers (Electrical & Mechanical) & (Civil), and Computors.
Scale of pay: Rs. 25-2-55-3-70, plus Compensatory Local allowance.

Higher starting pay within the scale may be allowed to well qualified candidates.

The posts have the benefit of Contributory Provident Fund and Dearness Allowance admissible from time to time.

The posts are temporary but likely to last a long time, and some of them are likely to be made permanent.

The candidates for the posts of Draftsmen should ordinarily be Engineering Degree or Diploma holders or possess admissible Engineering qualifications. Those who have passed the Second Grade examination for the Drawing Certificate of Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, and have obtained a certificate of Architectural course or students who have passed through Sir J. J. School of Art, after acquiring a fair theoretical knowledge of building construction, drawing, tracing, etc., are also eligible to apply for the posts of Draftsmen (Civil) & Assistant Draftsmen (Civil).

For one post under item (1), intimate knowledge of Hydro-power station design structural steel and reinforced concrete construction and working knowledge of designs of dams, tunnels, pipelines, machine foundations, building construction estimating, are desirable, and for another post under item (1), intimate knowledge of steam and Diesel Power Station designs, structural steel, ordinary R.C.C. construction, building foundations, construction and estimating are necessary.

The Assistant Draftsmen under item (2) should be acquainted with structural steel and reinforced concrete construction, building constructions estimating and taking out quantities.

Draftsmen (Civil) under items (3) and (4) should be well versed in the preparation of plans and estimates for roads, buildings, bridges, structural steel and reinforced concrete construction, ordinary water supply and sanitary installation and possess general knowledge of heavy machine foundations and designs of dams, etc.

Candidates for Draftsmen's posts should have 10 years practical experience and those for Assistant Draftsmen's posts, 5 years practical experience.

Candidates for posts of Tracers and Computors under item (5) should have practical experience of not less than 3 years in the type of work which they will be called upon to do.

Applications giving particulars of age, caste, sub-caste, domicile, educational qualifications and practical experience should reach the Special Officer (Electric Grid), Electric Grid Offices, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, on or before 7th August, 1946. (8983)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

Civil Supplies Department,
Bombay Castle, 15th July, 1946.

ORDER

No. 45(e)/IV-A:—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of Government Order in the late Finance Department (Supply), No. 45-A, dated the 21st October, 1943, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person shall remove ground nut oil cakes by rail, road, or sea from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay to any place in India outside the said limits except under a licence granted by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay Province, Poona, or by an Officer authorised by him on his behalf.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above order should be given by—(a) Publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) issue of a Press Note explaining its provisions; (c) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely; (1) The Times of India, Bombay; (2) Bombay Chronicle, Bombay; (3) Free Press Journal, Bombay; (4) Morning Standard, Bombay; (5) Navakal, Bombay; (6) Vividha Vritta, Bombay; (7) Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay; (8) Bombay Samachar, Bombay; (9) Mumbai Vartaman, Bombay; (10) Samyakta Karnatak, Hubli; (11) Dnyan Prakash, Poona; (12) Kesari, Poona; (13) Navshakti, Bombay; (14) Roznam-e-Khilafat, Bombay; (15) Inquilab, Bombay; (16) Vishwamitra, Bombay; (d) Affixing copies thereof to the notice boards in the Revenue offices in the district of the Province of Bombay and announcing by beat of drum in the villages of the said districts, that copies of the Order have been so affixed; and, (e) supplying copies of the same to the following associations, namely;—(1) The Bombay Groundnut Crushing Industry, Bombay; (2) The Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay; (3) The Seeds Traders' Association, Ltd., Bombay; (4) The Grain Merchants Association, Bombay.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to Government. (9016)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAYWANTIBAI, daughter of Shamji Passoo of Bombay, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office 107, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

All that land or ground, situate at Narsi Natha Street, Kharak Bazar, Mandvi, outside Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 85.59 sq. yards bearing Collector's Old No. 797, New No. 6530, Old Survey No. 384, New S. No. 2747, Cadastral Survey No. 896, of Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 1292, Street No. 320.

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1946.
RUSTOMJI & GINWALLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (9019)

1-WEEK DANTON SHORTHAND

Only 4 rules. 6 Easy Lessons. First Lesson Free. Danton Shorthand School, (St Albans). New Road. Post Box 43. Delhi 16.

WANTED

A REALLY CAPABLE ORGANISER and SALESMAN as Branch Manager for Life Department of the Bombay Branch of the Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd. Can consider entrusting the whole organisation in South to a real go-getter organiser.

Apply stating experience, age, possibilities of business, costs, minimum salary acceptable, etc., to:

N. K. BHARTIYA,
Managing Director,
Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd.
P. O. Box 42, CAWNPORE.

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